

“Til aspektlari amaliyoti” fanining Amaliy grammatika modulidan

“English phrasal verbs in use”

nomli uslubiy qo'llanmasiga

TAQRIZ

Mamlakatimizda “Chet tillarni o'rganish tizimini yanada takomillashtirish chora-tadbirlari to'g'risida”gi PQ 1875-sonli qarorning qabul qilinishi hozirgi kunda talaba- yoshlarning ingliz tilini qunt bilan o'rganishga bo'lgan qiziqishlarini yanada kuchaytirdi. Tilni bilish - ta'lim, ilm-fan, iqtisodiyot, siyosat va ijtimoiy hayotdagi globallashtirishning yangi davri uchun asosiy kalit ekanligini anglagan, kelgusida o'zi tanlagan soha bo'yicha egallagan bilim va ko'nikmalarini chet tillarda davom ettirishni o'z oldiga maqsad qilib qo'ygan hozirgi zamon yoshlarini chet tillarga o'qitish, ularga nafaqat ingliz tilini dars jarayonida balki darsdan tashqari to'garak mashg'ulotlarida ham o'rgatish hozirgi kunning dolzarb masalalaridan biri bo'lib, bu mashg'ulotlar o'quvchilarning ingliz tilida mustaqil fikrlash qobiliyatini, turli mavzularda loyiha ishlarini bajarishda ijodkorligini tarbiyalashda muhim ahamiyat kasb etadi.

Frazema tilshunoslikning asosiy lug'at boyligini hosil qiluvchi semantik birlikdir. Til aspektlari amaliyoti fani “Amaliy grammatika” modulida yozma nutqda frazemalar doimiy ravishda ishlatiladi, shuning uchun ularsiz berilgan matnni ma'nosini tushunishimiz qiyin bo'ladi. Mazkur uslubiy qo'llanmada frazeologik fe'llarga oid ma'noni aniqlash, to'g'ridan-to'g'ri va so'zma –so'z bo'lmagan frazeologik fe'l, dialogda, monologda, sinonimik ko'rinishli, tartibda joylashtirish, mantiqiy usulli frazeologik fe'llarga oid mashqlar berilgan. Shuningdek, mazkur uslubiy qo'llanmada aynan bir fe'lning frazeologik iborada turli ma'nolarda ham uchrashi va amalda foydalanish qoidalari berilgan bo'lib,

ushbu qoidalar misollar yordamida ochib berilgan. Umuman olganda, ushbu uslubiy qo'llanmani nashrga tavsiya etish mumkin.

BuxDU Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrası

professori, filologiya fanlari nomzodi



A.A.Haydarov

BUXORO DAVLAT UNIVERSITETI XORIJIY TILLAR FAKULTETI
KENGASHI BAYONNOMASIDAN KO'CHIRMA

№ 8

2022 yil 30-mart

Buxoro shahri

Kengash raisi – PhD. N.B. Ataboev

Kotiba – Z.T. Safarova

Kengash a'zolarining umumiy soni: 36 nafar

Qatnashdi: 30 nafar kengash a'zosi

KUN TARTIBI:

11.14. Nashrga tavsiya.

Kengash raisi: Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida kengashi kafedra o'qituvchisi N.A.Nazarovanning Til aspektlari amaliyoti fanidan **“English phrasal verbs in use”** nomli o'quv-uslubiy qo'llanmasini nashrga tavsiya qilgan. Ushbu uslubiy qo'llanmaga kafedra dotsenti, f.f.n. A.A. Haydarov va Buxdu Tarjimashunoslik va lingvodidaktika kafedrasida mudiri, dotsent N.F. Qosimovlar ijobiy taqriz berishgan.

Muallif tomonidan taqdim etilayotgan mazkur qo'llanma filologiya va tillarni o'qitish (ingliz) hamda Tarjima nazariyasi va amaliyoti (ingliz) ta'lim yo'nalishi 1- va 2-bosqich talabalariga mo'ljallangan bo'lib, qo'llanma Oliy va o'rta maxsus ta'lim vazirligi tomonidan tasdiqlangan namunaviy dastur asosida yaratilgan. Qo'llanmada berilgan qiziqarli mashqlar va testlar “Til aspektlari amaliyoti” fani Amaliy gramatika moduli mashg'ulotlarini mustahkamlash hamda yozma nutqda semantik birlik bo'lgan frazemalarni qo'llashga qaratilgan bo'lib, unda chet tilini o'qitishda bilim ko'nikmalarini rivojlantirishning zamonaviy usullari amaliy jihatdan o'z ifodasini topgan.

Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida o'qituvchisi N.A.Nazarovanning Til aspektlari amaliyoti fanidan **“English phrasal verbs in use”** nomli o'quv-uslubiy qo'llanmasi muhim nazariy xulosalarga ega ekanligi, amaliy jihatidan ham muhimligini hisobga olgan holda, nashrga tavsiya etish mumkin. Muallif ma'lumotlarning haqqoniyligiga va ko'chirmakashlik holatlariga yo'l qo'yilmaganligiga kafolat bergan.

Yuqoridagilarning barchasini inobatga olgan holda Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida o'qituvchisi N.A.Nazarovanning Til aspektlari amaliyoti fanidan **“English phrasal verbs in use”** nomli o'quv-uslubiy qo'llanmasini nashrga tavsiya etaman.

Fakultet kengashi a'zolari ushbu o'quv-uslubiy qo'llanmani nashrga tavsiya qilish fikrini ma'qulladilar.

Yuqoridagilarni inobatga olgan holda Xorijiy tillar fakulteti kengashi 11.14. -masala yuzasidan

QAROR QILADI:

1. Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida o'qituvchisi N.A.Nazarovanning Til aspektlari amaliyoti fanidan **“English phrasal verbs in use”** nomli o'quv-uslubiy qo'llanmasi nashrga tavsiya etilsin.
2. Fakultet kengashining mazkur qarorini ma'qullash universitet o'quv-metodik kengashidan so'ralsin.

Yig'ilish raisi
Yig'ilish kotibasi



N.B. Ataboev
Z.T. Safarova

Buxoro davlat universiteti
o'quv-metodik kengash 9-sonli
yig'ilishining bayonnomasidan

K O' C H I R M A

29.04.2022

Buxoro shahri

K U N T A R T I B I:

1. Turli masalalar.

Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida o'qituvchisi N.A. Nazarovaning 5120112-Filologiya va tillarni o'qitish (ingiz tili), 5120201-Tarjima nazariyasi va amaliyoti ta'lim yo'nalishlari uchun "English phrasal verbs in use" deb nomlangan uslubiy qo'llanmani tavsiya etish.

E S H I T I L D I:

M.Y. Farmanova (kengash kotibasi) - Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida o'qituvchisi N.A. Nazarovaning 5120112-Filologiya va tillarni o'qitish (ingiz tili), 5120201-Tarjima nazariyasi va amaliyoti ta'lim yo'nalishlari uchun "English phrasal verbs in use" deb nomlangan uslubiy qo'llanmani nashrga tavsiya etishni ma'lum qildi. Ushbu uslubiy qo'llanmaga: Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida professori, f.f.n. A.A. Haydarov va Tarjimashunoslik va lingvodidaktika kafedrasida mudiri, PhD N.F. Qosimovlar tomonidan ijobiy taqriz berilgani ta'kidlandi. Uslubiy qo'llanma muhokamasi haqidagi Xorijiy tillar fakulteti (2022-yil 30-mart) va Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida (2022-yil 16-mart) yig'ilish qarori bilan tanishtirdi.

Yuqoridagilarni inobatga olib o'quv-metodik kengash

Q A R O R Q I L A D I:

1. Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrasida o'qituvchisi N.A. Nazarovaning 5120112-Filologiya va tillarni o'qitish (ingiz tili), 5120201-Tarjima nazariyasi va amaliyoti ta'lim yo'nalishlari uchun "English phrasal verbs in use" deb nomlangan uslubiy qo'llanma nashrga tavsiya etilsin.

O'quv-metodik kengash raisi

O'quv-metodik kengash kotibasi



R.G'. Jumayev

M.Y. Farmanova

Buxoro davlat universiteti Xorijiy tillar fakulteti

Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedrası o'qituvchisi N.A.Nazarovanning

“Til aspektlari amaliyoti” fanining Amaliy grammatika modulidan

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TAQRIZ

Mamlakatimizda chet tiliga qaratilgan e'tibor mustaqilligimizni qo'lga kiritgandan so'ng, hatto dastlabki yillaridan boshlab to hozirga qadar sezilarli darajada rivojlanmoqda, jumladan, “Chet tillarni o'rganish tizimini yanada takomillashtirish chora-tadbirlari to'g'risida”gi PQ 1875-sonli qarorning qabul qilinishi hozirgi kunda ta'lim tizimining barcha bosqichlarida talabalarga chet tillarini uzluksiz o'rganishni tashkil qilish, zamonaviy o'quv-uslubiy materiallar bilan ta'minlashni yanada takomillashtirish, shuningdek, zamonaviy pedagogik va axborot-kommunikasiya texnologiyalaridan foydalanib chet tillarni o'rganish, o'rganilgan bilim, ko'nikmalarni mustaqil ravishda amalda qo'llashga o'rgatish chet tili o'qituvchisi zimmasidagi eng katta mas'uliyat hisoblanadi.

Ushbu “English phrasal verbs in use” uslubiy qo'llanma oliy ta'limning filologiya va tillarni o'qitish ta'lim yo'nalishi I va II bosqich bakalavriat talabalari uchun mo'ljallangan. Mazkur uslubiy qo'llanmaning maqsadi talabalarga turli qiziqarli mashq va testlar Til aspektlari amaliyoti fani “Amaliy grammatika” modulini mustahkamlash hamda, yozma nutqda semantik birlik bo'lgan frazemalarni qo'llashga qaratilgan bo'lib, qo'llanmada turli xil mashqlarning berilishi chet tilini o'qitishda bilim ko'nikmalarni rivojlantirish usullari amaliy jihatdan o'z ifodasini topgan.

Tarjimashunoslik va lingvodidaktika

kafedrası mudiri, PhD



N.F.Qosimova

**Buxoro davlat universiteti Xorijiy tillar fakulteti Ingliz tilshunosligi
kafedrasining 28-yig'ilish bayonnomasidan**

K O' C H I R M A

Buxoro shahri
2021 yil 16 mart

Qatnashdi: Kafedra mudiri Z.I.Rasulov
va kafedraning 31 nafar a'zosi

K U N T A R T I B I:

VI. Nashrga tavsiya

Kafedra dotsenti N.A.Nazarovanning **“English phrasal verbs in use”** nomli uslubiy qo'llanmasini nashrga tavsiya etish

Kafedra yig'ilishi raisi Z.I.Rasulov tayyorlangan uslubiy qo'llanma to'g'risida ma'lumot berdi.

Mazkur qo'llanma mas'ul muharriri kafedra o'qituvchisi, N.A.Nazarova, qo'llanmaga kafedra professori, filologiya fanlari nomzodi A.A.Haydarov va tarjimashunoslik va lingvodidaktika kafedراسي mudiri, PhD N.F.Qosimovalar ijobiy taqriz berishgan.

Mazkur uslubiy qo'llanmada berilgan qiziqarli mashqlar va testlar “Til aspektlari amaliyoti” fani Amaliy grammatika modulini mustahkamlash hamda, yozma nutqda semantik birlik bo'lgan frazemalarni qo'llashga qaratilgan bo'lib, qo'llanmada turli xil mashqlarning berilishi chet tilini o'qitishda bilim ko'nikmalarni rivojlantirish usullari amaliy jihatdan o'z ifodasini topgan, shuningdek asosiy materiallari va tanlangan mashqlar talabalarning grammatik bilim va ko'nikmalarini imkon qadar rivojlantirishga qaratilgan.

Ushbu uslubiy qo'llanma filologiya va tillarni o'qitish hamda tarjimashunoslik va lingvodidaktika yo'nalishi birinchi va ikkinchi bosqich talabalari uchun mo'ljallangan bo'lib, ularning “Til aspektlari amaliyoti” fani Amaliy grammatika moduli mashg'ulotlarini turli xil qiziqarli mashqlar va testlar bilan tashkil qilishda qiziqarli manba bo'lib xizmat qiladi.

N.A.Nazarova tomonidan tayyorlangan uslubiy qo'llanmani nashrga tavsiya etish mumkinligi kafedra a'zolari tomonidan ta'kidlandi.

Qaror qilindi:

1. Kafedra dotsenti N.A.Nazarovanning **"English phrasal verbs in use"** nomli uslubiy qo'llanmasi nashrga tavsiya etilsin.
2. Kafedraning mazkur qarorini tasdiqlash fakultet Kengashidan so'ralsin.

Yig'ilish raisi:

Z.I.Rasulov

Yig'ilish kotibasi :

N.S.Qobilova



МУАЛЛИФ КАФОЛАТ ХАТИ

Ўзбекистон Республикасининг "Муаллифлик ҳуқуқи ва турдош ҳуқуқлар тўғрисида" Қонуни (20.07.2006 йилдаги ЎРҚ-42-сон), Вазирлар Маҳкамасининг 2018 йил 10 октябрдаги "Олий таълим муассасаларини ўқув адабиётлари билан таъминлаш тўғрисида"ги 816-сон қарорига ҳамда бошқа қонуности ҳужжатларига мувофиқ

Ўзбек тилишунослиги кафедраси Ўзбекистон
лавозимида фаолият кўрсатувчи Назарова Н.А. филолог ва
Ф.И.Ш

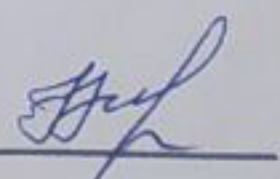
тил. ўқитиш таълим йўналиши (мутахассислиги) учун тайёрлаган English phrasal verbs in use номли ўзбек кўламини белгиланган талабларга тўлиқ жавоб беради. Яратилган ўқув адабиёти ривожлантириш стратегиясининг демократик, ҳуқуқий, иқтисодий, ижтимоий, сиёсий йўналишларида мамлакат тараққиётининг устувор масалаларига асосланган ҳолда яратилганлигига ва талабаларнинг интеллектуал салоҳиятини янада юксалтиришга хизмат қилишига, шунингдек соҳа бўйича илғор халқаро тажрибалар, жаҳон илм-фани, услубиёт, техника ва технологияларнинг сўнгги ютуқлари, тараққиёт тенденциялари ҳисобга олинганлигига, давлат таълим стандартлари, малака талаблари, ўқув режа, фан дастурлари ҳамда ўқув адабиётларига қўйиладиган талабларга мос ҳолда тайёрланганлигига, адабиётнинг номи ўқув режаларидаги фанлар номи билан мос келишига, адабиётнинг тушунарли, содда ва рағбат тилда ёзилишига, маълумотлар талабалар томонидан имкон даражасида осон ва қийинчиликсиз қабул қилинадиган, хотирада сақланадиган тарзда берилишига ҳамда таълим олувчиларнинг билим ва кўникмаларини назорат қилиш имкониятини яратишига, ички ва ташқи ижобий тақризларнинг мавжудлиги, адабиётда келтирилган маълумотларнинг ҳаққоний, тўғрилигини ҳамда кўчирмачилик ҳолатларига йўл қўйилмаганлигига КАФОЛАТ БЕРАМАН. Кафолат хатини имзом билан тасдиқлайман.

Бухоро давлат университети

Ўзбек тилишунослиги кафедраси

Ўзбекистон

Назарова Н.А.



N.A. Nazarova

**ENGLISH
PHRASAL
VERBS**

IN USE

**O'ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASI OLIY VA O'RTA MAXSUS
TA'LIM VAZIRLIGI
BUXORO DAVLAR UNIVERSITETI**

N.A. Nazarova

ENGLISH PHRASAL VERBS IN USE

*“Til aspektlari amaliyoti” fani Amaliy grammatika
modulidan uslubiy qo'llanma*

**“Durdona” nashriyoti
Buxoro – 2022**

Mazkur uslubiy qo'llanma oily ta'limning filologiya va tillarni o'qitish (ingliz tili) ta'lim yo'nalishi III bosqich bakalavriat talabalari uchun mo'ljallangan bo'lib, *"Til aspektlari amaliyoti"*fani *Amaliy grammatika moduli* ishchi dasturi asosida tayyorlangan.

Ushbu uslubiy qo'llanmada frazeologik fe'llar haqida batafsil ma'lumot berilgan bo'lib, mavzu misollar yordamida yoritib berilgan. Shuningdek, frazeologik fe'llar ifodalash usullarini turli qiziqarli interfaol metodlar va kontekst asosida ham o'rgatishga oid bir qancha mashqlar berilgan bo'lib, ular grammatikani amaliy jihatdan o'rganishda katta ahamiyatga ega.

Mazkur uslubiy qo'llanmadan nafaqat bakalavriat ta'lim yo'nalish talabalari, balki umumta'lim maktablari va akademik litsey yosh o'qituvchilari va o'quvchilari ham foydalanishlari mumkin.

Tuzuvchi:
N.A.Nazarova

Mas'ul muharrir:
Z.I.Rasulov, BuxDU Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedراسi mudiri, f.f.n.,
dotsent

Taqrizchilar:
A.A.Haydarov, BuxDU Ingliz tilshunosligi kafedراسi
professori, f.f.n.

N.F.Qosimova, BuxDU Tarjimashunoslik va
lingvodidaktika kafedراسi mudiri, PhD

Uslubiy qo'llanma BuxDU o'quv-metodik kengashining 2022-yil 29-apreldagi 9-sonli yig'ilishi qarori bilan nashrga tavsiya etilgan.

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INTRODUCTION

The test materials and exercises on phrasal verbs are related to the students of the third course of the higher educational establishments. It is based on the theoretical and practical aspects of teaching reflected in the grammar books. Tests and exercises are made up according to the demands of the curriculum of the higher educational institutions. Moreover, it covers main points of the grammar themes required for solving tests. Students' levels are also taken into consideration, so all the tasks and multiple choices can be solved by upper-intermediate and advanced students.

The manual is useful for conducting revision lessons and organizing control work among students. It also comprises active vocabulary and the main course book speech patterns.

Author

EXERCISES ON PHRASAL VERBS.

Exercise 1.

Match the phrasal verbs in A with the definition in B.

1.to come through something	A. to feel mentally or physically capable of doing something
2.to build something/somebody up	B. to disappear gradually until it no longer exists has any effect
3.to go ahead (with something)	C. to cause an illness or pain to occur
4.to fight someone / something off	D. to increase the strength, size, or intensity of someone / something
5.to wear off	E. to survive or to recover from a serious illness or situation
6.to bring something on	F. to proceed with something
7.to feel up to (doing) something	G. to overcome or defeat someone / something unpleasant and threatening
8.to try something out (on someone)	H. to test something to see if it is useful or effective

Exercise 2.

Put the following phrasal verbs in the blanks.

1.to come through something
2.to build something/somebody up
3.to go ahead (with something)
4.to fight someone / something off
5.to wear off
6.to bring something on
7.to feel up to (doing) something
8.to try something out (on someone)

1. My cousin was in a serious car accident last week. Fortunately, he -----it with only minor injuries.
2. I'm taking lots of vitamin C to help me ----- this cold.
3. We had intended to go out last night, but we were so tired we didn't -----it, so we stayed at home.
4. Many nervous breakdowns are -----by stress.
5. The company was finally given permission to -----with production of the new drug.
6. The dentist told me that when the effect of the anaesthetic -----, I might feel a little pain.
7. Before you buy a second-hand car, you should always --it ---.
8. I still feel very weak after my illness, I think I need some vitamins to help me--- my strength ----.

Exercise 3.

Look at the phrasal verbs below. Write **L** next to them if they have a literal meaning and **N** if they have a non-literal meaning. If the meaning is non-literal meaning, say what it is. Use a dictionary if necessary.

Example:

L - She entered the room, **put down** her bag, and sat on the chair.

N - The army has **put down** the rebellion after a long struggle. (to put something down = to defend or suppress something)

1. She turned the exam paper over and read all the questions.
2. They have broken off their engagement.
3. He was very tired and soon dropped off in front of the TV.
4. While repairing the TV aerial he fell through the roof.
5. She always stood up for her brother if anyone criticized him.
6. He turned the idea over in his mind all day but couldn't make a decision.
7. She broke off a piece of chocolate and gave it to him.
8. The plan to build a new road fell through due to lack of money.
9. We all stood up for the President when he entered the room.
10. This plant must be dead. All the leaves have dropped off.

Exercise 4.

Match the different meanings of **pick up** with the definitions below.

1. Oh dear, I think I have picked up a cold.
2. I picked up some Chinese while I was in Beijing.
3. He was picked up for drink-driving yesterday morning.
4. What time shall I pick you up?
5. Fortunately the economy is starting to pick up.
6. While she was in her bar, two men tried to pick her up.

- a. To improve or recover
- b. to collect someone by car or coach
- c. to make casual acquaintance with someone, often with a view to having a sexual relationship
- d. to learn something without difficulty or special study
- e. to catch an illness
- f. to arrest someone

Exercise 5.

Put the following verbs in the blanks, and make up the meaningful sentences with the preposition **“off”**.

Sign, switch, cut, ring, break, call

- A. Can you ... off all the lights when you leave?
- B. Management and unions have decided to ... off negotiations.
- C. I was talking to her on the phone when we were ... off.
- D. The meeting has been ... off.
- E. I must ... off. I think I can smell something burning in the kitchen.
- F. I'd better ... off now or I'll miss the post.

Exercise 6.

Match the phrasal verbs in A with the definition in B.

	A	B
1	to catch on	A. to withdraw from an agreement or arrangement
2	to pick up	B. to gain control or possession of something

3	to fall through	C. to be abandoned or fail to be completed(e.g.a plan or arrangement)
4	to come up with something	D. to increase, improve or recover(e.g.economy or business)
5	to take someone on	E. to decrease in amount or number
6	to fall off	F. to employ someone
7	to lay someone off	G. to become popular or fashionable
8	to back out(of something)	H. to produce an idea,suggestion or solution
9	to take(something) over	I. to dismiss someone because there is no work(usually temporarily)

Exercise 7.

Read the dialogue and replace the words in *italics* with the following phrasal verbs.

1	to catch on
2	to pick up
3	to fall through
4	to come up with something
5	to take someone on
6	to fall off
7	to lay someone off
8	to back out(of something)
9	to take(something) over

A. -Hello, Bill, how's the car business doing at the moment?

B. -Not very well, I'm afraid. Our sales *are decreasing* at the moment, and our latest model hasn't *proved to be very popular*. We've also had to *withdraw from* a new project to build a family car. What about you?

- A. -Our export figures weren't very good at the start of the year, but now they're starting to *improve* and we need to *employ* extra staff. In fact, we're thinking of *taking control* of another business.
- B. -Lucky you! Our company is thinking of *dismissing* some of its staff until things get better. By the way, what happened about that design problem you were telling me about?
- A. -Fortunately one of our team managed to *produce* a brilliant solution to the problem otherwise the whole project would have *been abandoned*.

Exercise 8.

Which of the words can be used with the phrasal verbs below? Up to three items may be correct. One of the answers should be omitted.

1. She came up with

A	An interesting idea
B	A serious complaint
C	A useful suggestion
D	The right answer

2. Is catching on.

A	The new fashion
B	The Prime Minister
C	The idea
D	The song

3. Has fallen through.

A	The plan
B	The search
C	The scheme
D	The project

4. Is falling off.

A	The rain
B	His love

C	Investment
D	Production

Exercise 9.

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1. to/you/for/make room/Can/move/over/your sister?
2. finished/she/over./Harry/it/to read/When/her essay,/asked/Jill
3. his house/tomorrow./Jim/back/me/has invited/to
4. when he/ Paul/his driving test./his parents/he'd failed/only having/was/told them/on
5. tomorrow?/What/you/on/do/have
6. the light/in her bedroom,/was/she/at home./Sue/had/I knew/on/so

Exercise 10.

Choose the preposition that best completes each sentence.

1. My attention was drawn --- the picture on the far wall.
 - a. with
 - b. to
 - c. for
 - d. on
2. The stolen paintings were eventually restored --- their rightful owner.
 - a. for
 - b. by
 - c. to
 - d. with
3. Italy were knocked --- the world cup.
 - a. into
 - b. away from
 - c. out of
 - d. forward to
4. The argument is centred --- whether or not to lower the age limit.
 - a. on

b. towards

c. of

d. about

5. Emphasis is placed --- practical training.

a. over

b. with

c. by

d. on

6. The younger sons consider themselves to have been robbed --- their rightful inheritance.

a. by

b. with

c. around

d. of

7. The discussion will be divided --- three parts for the sake of clarity.

a. to

b. for

c. into

d. with

8. The white Audi was eliminated --- police enquiries at an early stage.

a. with

b. from

c. of

d. for

9. A whole host of criticisms have been leveled --- the committee.

a. against

b. towards

c. by

d. for

10. The final cost has been estimated --- anything between four and five million dollars.

a. against

b. to

c. at

d. in

Exercise 11.

Complete these sentences in a logical way.

1. It will take her a long time to get over ---
2. I'm afraid we've run out of ---
3. He had to look it up ----
4. I don't really get on with ---
5. She came in and took off ---
6. I had to put out---
7. Who is going to look after ---
8. I went to the garage to pick up ---
9. The plane took off ---
10. My rent is going up ---
11. I'm not good at making up ---
12. Could you lie down ---
13. She asked me to turn on ---
14. Two men tried to break into ---
15. We have asked an engineer to come and sort out ---
16. Are you going to stay in ---
17. Why did you leave out ---
18. I'm afraid we broke down ---
19. Can you get by ---
20. I grew up ---

Exercise 12.

Looking through and paying attention to additional meanings of the phrasal verbs do the exercise .

Change the underlined words to incorporate two- and three-word verbs. Make all necessary tense changes.

Example:

The senator raised the question of the treaty negotiations.

The senator brought up the question of the treaty negotiations.

BREAK OFF: end. As a result of the recent, unprovoked attack, the two countries *broke off* their diplomatic relations.

BRING UP: raise, initiate. The county commissioner *brought up* the heated

issue of restricting on-street parking.

CALL ON: (a) ask. The teacher *called on* James to write the equation on the blackboard, (b) visit. The new minister *called on* each of the families of

his church in order to become better acquainted with them.

CARE FOR: (a) like. Because Marita doesn't *care for* dark colors, she buys only brightly colored clothes, (b) look after. My neighbors asked me to *care for* their children after school.

CHECK OUT: (a) borrow books, etc., from a library. I went to the library and *checked out* thirty books last night for my research paper, (b) investigate. This photocopy machine is not working properly. Could you *check out* the problem?

CHECK OUT OF: leave. We were told that we had to check out of the hotel before one o'clock, or else we would have to pay for another day. **CHECK (UP) ON:** investigate. The insurance company decided to check up on *his* driving record before insuring him.

CLOSE IN ON: draw nearer, approach. In *his* hallucinatory state, the addict felt that the walls were closing in on him.

COME ALONG WITH: accompany. June came along with her supervisor to the budget meeting.

COME DOWN WITH: become ill with. During the summer, many people come down with intestinal disorders.

COUNT ON: depend on, rely on. Maria was counting on the grant money to pay her way through graduate school.

DO AWAY WITH: eliminate, get rid of. Because of the increasing number of problems created after the football games, the director has decided to do away with all sports activities.

DRAW UP: write, draft (such as plans or contracts). A new advertising contract was drawn up after the terms had been decided.

DROP OUT OF: quit, withdraw from. This organization has done a great deal to prevent young people from dropping out of school.

FIGURE OUT: solve, decipher, interpret, understand. After failing to figure out his income tax return, Hal decided to see an accountant.

FIND OUT: discover. Erin just found out that her ancestors had come from Scotland, not Ireland.

GET BY: manage to survive. Despite the high cost of living, we will get by on my salary.

GET THROUGH: (a) finish. Jerry called for an earlier appointment because he got through with his project sooner than he had expected, (b) manage to communicate. It is difficult to get through to someone who doesn't understand your language.

GET UP: (a) arise. Pete usually gets up early in the morning, but this morning he overslept, (b) organize. Paul is trying to get up a group of square dancers to go to Switzerland.

GIVE UP: stop, cease. Helen gave up working for the company because she felt that the employees were not treated fairly.

GO ALONG WITH: agree. Mr. Robbins always goes along with anything his employer wants to do.

HOLD ON TO: grasp, maintain. Despite moving to the Western world, Mariko held on to her Oriental ways.

HOLD UP: (a) rob at gunpoint. The convenience store was held up last night, (b) endure or withstand pressure or use. Mrs. Jones held up very well after her husband's death, (c) stop. Last night's accident held up rush hour traffic on the freeway for two hours.

KEEP ON: continue. I keep on urging Rita to practice the violin, but she doesn't heed my advice.

LOOK AFTER: care for. After my aunt had died, her lawyer looked after my uncle's financial affairs.

LOOK INTO: investigate. Lynnette is looking into the possibility of opening a drugstore in Dallas as well as in Fort Worth.

PASS OUT/HAND OUT: distribute. The political candidate passed out campaign literature to her coworkers.

PASS OUT: faint. The intense heat in the garden caused Maria to pass out.

PICK OUT: select, choose. The judges were asked to pick out the essays that showed the most originality.

POINT OUT: indicate. Being a professional writer, Janos helped us by pointing out problems in our style.

PUT OFF: postpone. Because Brian was a poor correspondent, he put off answering his letters.

RUN ACROSS: discover. While rummaging through some old boxes in the attic, I ran across my grandmother's wedding dress.

RUN INTO: meet by accident. When Jack was in New York, he ran into an old friend at the theater.

SEE ABOUT: consider, attend to. My neighbor is going to see about getting tickets for next Saturday's football game.

TAKE OFF: leave the ground to fly. Our flight to Toronto took off on schedule.

TAKE OVER FOR: substitute for. Marie had a class this afternoon, so Janet took over for her.

TALK OVER: discuss. The committee is talking over the plans for the homecoming dance and banquet.

TRY OUT:(a) test. General Mills asked us to try out their new product, (b) audition for a play. Marguerite plans to try out for the lead in the new musical.

TURN IN: (a) submit. The students turned in their term papers on Monday. (b) go to bed. After a long hard day, we decided to turn in early.

WATCH OUT FOR: be cautious or alert. While driving through that development, we had to watch out for the little children playing in the street.

Example:

The senator raised the question of the treaty negotiations.

The senator brought up the question of the treaty negotiations.

1. Louis doesn't like peas unless they're mixed in with something else.
2. Because of the shortage of funds, we will have to eliminate all extracurricular activities.
3. Many teenagers quit school before graduation and regret it later.
4. Mike and Mary Ellen will be very happy when they finish writing their book.
5. Marsha was so upset by her fiance's disloyalty that she ended their engagement.
6. The local convenience store was robbed last night and \$225 was taken,
7. Thomas Jefferson was one of the men responsible for writing the Declaration of Independence.

8. I am trying to interpret this writing, but it is not easy.
9. Continue driving at 55 miles per hour if you want to save gasoline and prevent accidents.
10. Mrs. Davis asked me to serve as chairman of the entertainment committee.
11. Pete promised to stop smoking immediately.
12. The police are approaching the robbers' hideout.
13. Maria Elena will take care of the neighbors' children while they attend the school meeting.
14. Joey became ill with the measles just before his scout troop went to camp.
15. Mrs. Lastinger will substitute for the history teacher who is out of town.
16. The mountain climbers grasped the rope tightly to avoid falling.
17. We plan to investigate the possibility of spending a week at the seashore.
18. My mother distributed candy to the children last Halloween.
19. The manager said we had to leave the motel no later than noon.
20. Mike just discovered that his passport had expired three months previously.
21. When buying apples, remember to select only the firm, red ones.
22. We were counting on a raise in pay, but we'll have to manage without it.
23. Rita will accompany her sister to the Skating Palace on Saturday night.
24. The tour guide indicated the historical monuments of the city.
25. I knew I could rely on them to get the job done.
26. The dance had to be postponed because of the bad weather.
27. I accidentally met an old friend in the shopping center last week.
28. The manager said he would consider hiring another secretary to take care of the backlog of work.
29. Last night Mr. Robbins raised the issue of student parking on city streets.
30. Henry was so upset at the sight of his injured daughter that he fainted.
31. Before making a decision on the project, the board of directors decided to discuss the matter.

32. Procter and Gamble is testing a new product and has sent everyone a sample.
33. All budget proposals had to be submitted by last Friday.
34. What time did you awaken this morning?
35. Be careful of speeding cars when you cross the street.

Exercise 13.

Complete the **proverbs** with necessary prepositions to make up the phrasal verbs paying attention to their translation.

1. Kick ... the ladder. (Ish bitdi, bari sedan chiqdi.)
2. Agues come on horseback but go ... on foot. (Og'riq joyini topsa, olti oy qishlaydi.)
3. An apple a day keeps the doctor (Bir anor ming dardga davo.)
4. Try to sweep ... the Atlantic with a broom. (Suv o'pirib ketgan to'g'onni do'ppi bilan bekitib bo'lmas.)
5. What is got ... the devil's back is spent under his belly. (Haromdan yig'ilgan haromga ketar.)
6. In every beginning think ... the end. (Yaxshi yerga yotsang, yaxshi tush ko'rasan. Yomon yerga yotsang, yomon tush ko'rasan.)
7. If the blind leads the blind, both shall fall ... the ditch. (Ko'rni ko'r yetaklasa, go'rga olib boradi.)
8. Let every man praise the bridge he goes (Bir kun tuz ichgan joyga qirq kun salom ber.)
9. He may well swim that is held ... by the Chin. ("Xayt" degan-tuyaga madad.)
10. Go ... in small circles. (G'alvirga suv solib qo'yar, g'alvirga un bosib qo'yar.)
11. The dogs bark, but caravan goes (It hurar-karvono'tar.)
12. He that lies ... with dogs must rise ... with fleas. (Yaxshiga yondoshsang-yetarsan murodga, yomonga yondoshsang – qolarsan uyatga.)
13. Two dogs strive for a bone, and third runs ... with it. (Olgan - olganniki, ot-minganniki.)
14. The last drop makes the cup run (Tuya elakka qolganda oqsaydi.)
15. Constant dropping wears ... a stone. (Tomchiga tosh chidamas.)

16. Eat ... of somebody's hand. (Birovning qo'lida ul bo'lguncha, o'z uyingda qul bo'l.)
17. Fall ... a snare. (Aldashga bola yaxshi.)
18. Drive ... fire with fire. (Achchiqni achchiq kesar.)
19. Go ... fire and water. (Achchiq bilan chuchukni totgan bilar, uzoq bilan yaqinni yurgan.)
20. The great fish eat ... the small. (Zo'rga ham zo'rdek balo bor.)
21. A fool may throw a stone into a well which a hundred wise men cannot pull... . (Bitta ahmoq quduqqa tosh tashlasa, o'nta aqllini ovora qiladi.)
22. Come ... scot free. (Eplaganikki oshar.)
23. Go ... the ladder when thou marriest a wife, go ... when thou choosest a friend. (Xotin so'zini qondirar, er avlodin tondirar.)
24. Go ... like a candle in a snuff. (Kuygandan kul chiqar.)
25. Many kiss the hand, they wish cut (Ehtiyoj sherni tulkiga aylantirar.)
26. Go ... with one's head in the air. (Kekkayish terakka yarashar.)

Exercise 14.

Find the meanings of the verb "to work".

- 1) She *worked out* the plot of her book.
- 2) *Work out* how much I owe you.
- 3) I can't *work out* her handwriting.
- 4) Their marriage didn't *work out*.
- 5) I'm sure you'll *work out* your differences.
- 6) She *works out* at the gym every day.

Exercise 15.

Complete the four sentences using each phrasal verb twice in a suitable form.

Give away/give up

- 1) "Guess how old I am". "I You'll have to tell me".
- 2) They ... a free CD with next month's magazine.
- 3) He tried to disguise himself, but I knew it was him. His voice ... him
- 4) He handed his gun to the police officer and ... himself

Work out/work up

- 5) I can't ... how to start this machine.
- 6) She ... herself ... into a terrible state about the exam next week.
- 7) All this physical works makes you ... an appetite.
- 8) I keep fit by ... regularly at the gym.

Put down/put up

- 9) Stay with us. We can easily ... you ... for the night.
- 10) Let me ... that date ... in my diary or I'll forget it.
- 11) The shop ... just ... all its prices. I'm not going back.
- 12) He has a way of always ... me ..., and I feel so foolish.

Get on with/get up to

- 13) The kids are very quiet. I wonder what they ...?
- 14) What page ... we ... in the last lesson?
- 15) How ... you ... your husband's family?
- 16) How ... you all ... last night's homework?

Go down with/go in for

- 17) I can't understand why people ... a career in politics.
- 18) I keep sneezing. I think I ... a cold.
- 19) Her last novel ... badly ... critics.
- 20) Our family ... big celebrations at Christmas.

Exercise 16.

Complete the sentences with a verb and a particle.

Broke	Made	Wore		Through	Away	On
Set	Settle	Work		Up	Up	Back
Got	Lying	Come		Around	Up	Off
Go	Keep			Out	About	

- 1. My daughter spends the whole day in front of the telly.
- 2. from me. I've got a cold.
- 3. My tooth started hurting as the effects of the painkiller
- 4. your homework carefully before you ... it
- 5. You didn't believe what he said, did you? He ... the whole thing
.... .

6. Have you your new flat yet?
7. He a piece of bread and threw the bits to the birds.
8. The United Nations was to settle conflicts peacefully.
9. I'm trying to how much money I've spent.
10. How did the argument ?

Exercise 17.

Substitute the underlined words for the following phrasal verbs.

Get through	Sort out	Fall behind	Fought off
Cut back	Take over	Put forward	
Ring back	Fell through	Has laid off	
Taking on	Has stepped down	Will draw up	

1. If we're spending too much money, we'll have to spend less.
2. Our lawyer will write a new contract.
3. We mustn't be slower than others in the race to develop new products.
4. The two sides were close to an agreement, but it didn't happen.
5. The company managed to stop a takeover by ICM computers.
6. I tried to ring Santiago, but I couldn't make contract.
7. The company has dismissed two hundred workers because of a lack of new orders.
8. The consultants suggested a proposal to reorganize the company.
9. I'll get the information for you. Can I phone you again in half an hour?
10. Sarah paid a visit to the client to try to put right the difficulties.
11. The company boss has left the job after ten years in charge.
12. We are accepting the challenge of expanding overseas.
13. Large companies sometimes take control of smaller ones.

Exercise 18.

Context.

Write: Put in **at, for, from, in, of, on, out of** or **to**

Use each word at least once.

Is there anybody there?

A dentist in Bavaria has been haunted by a voice which swears 1--- **at** him all the time. The voice comes 2--- light sockets, washbasins and the telephone. It is sharp, deep voice which laughs 3--- the dentist and mocks him. The poor dentist is suffering 4--- a bad case of nerves. Recently, the voice was recorded and broadcast, so now everyone in Bavaria is looking 5-- - the ghost, but so far no one has succeeded 6--- finding it. People who don't believe 7--- ghosts think it is just a practical joke. The voice always shouts 8--- the dentist, but speaks sweetly 9--- his 17-year-old assistant, Claudia. But no one can blame Claudia 10--- the behavior of the ghost or accuse her 11--- playing tricks.12--- her poor boss. Engineers don't know what to make 13--- it."He's a technical genius", one of them said. The ghost has responded 14--- all this activity by saying, in a thick Bavarin accent, "You'll never get hold 15--- me!"

Exercise 19.

Text.

Put in **about, down, down on, in, in on, up, up on, up to, up with** or **to**.

A cure for snoring.

It is very difficult for people who sleep silently1 to put **up with** the sound of snoring. Some people are sleep the moment they 2lie--- ;others 3stay--- half the night waiting for the miracle of sleep to 4come --- . Ewen insomniacs snore. Insomniacs are the ones who need to 5lie--- in the morning to 6catch--- lost sleep. Snores will never admit to snoring. They know the rest of the world 7looks--- them and they just can't 8face--- reality. My friend, Henry, a champion snorer, has just found a cure and he 9let me--- his little secret. He has just 10coughed--- good money for a band with a stud on it. He wears the band round his head at night and if he tries to sleep on his back, the stud gives him a job. I'm sure this news will 11cheer--- all snorers, who now have a new experience to 12look forward--- with one of these on their heads, all they have to lose is their sleep!

TESTS ON PHRASAL VERBS

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. I can't believe that the burglars...the house in the broad daylight.
A) broke down
B) broke in
C) broke up
D) broke off</p> <p>2. Do you think they will ...this question at the meeting?
A) bring on
B) bring up
C) bring back
D) bring out</p> <p>3. I promised we would ...her because she has no idea where it is.
A) call off
B) call on
C) call for
D) call after</p> <p>4. Do you expect her to ...that terrible shock really soon?
A) come over
B) come up
C) come out
D) come into</p> <p>5. If you don't ...on your spendings ,you'll have to find another job.
A) cut out
B) cut down
C) cut off
D) cut up</p> | <p>6. We thought they would go with us but they ...at the very last moment.
A) fell through
B) fell in
C) fell down
D) fell out</p> <p>7. This terrible weather really ...me... .I wish it was summer again.
A) gets down
B) gets on
C) gets in
D) gets through</p> <p>8. Don't drink the milk.I'm afraid it's... .
A) gone by
B) gone with
C) gone off
D) gone out</p> <p>9. The zoo keeper asked us to ...the cages because some animals were dangerous.
A) keep off
B) keep away
C) keep up with
D) keep on</p> <p>10. The police do not believe it was a suicide so they are ...the case now.
A) looking after
B) looking up
C) looking out
D) looking into</p> |
|---|---|

11. The fire brigade managed to ...the fire in no time.

- A) put out
- B) put in
- C) put off
- D) put away

12. I'm sure he ...his father.The old man was very strict in his ways.

- A) takes after
- B) takes over
- C) takes up
- D) takes in

13. There were no streetlights in the street so I couldn't ...who it was.

- A) make up
- B) make for
- C) make out
- D) make up for

14. When are you going to ...with that old furniture? It looks awful.

- A) do up
- B) do over
- C) do away
- D) do with

15. You should try to enter the university next year.Just don't ...!

- A) give in
- B) give up
- C) give out
- D) give away

16. I'm afraid we've ...of milk and bread.Will you go and buy some?

- A) run out
- B) run over
- C) run into
- D) run after

17. This tie doesn't ...the suit.Have you got something in different colour?

- A) go by
- B) go off
- C) go out
- D) go with

18. They ...when Sharon saw him with another girl.

- A) broke in
- B) broke out
- C) broke down
- D) broke up

19. I'm sure he won't ...with it.The police are following his steps.

- A) get on
- B) get back
- C) get away
- D) get into

20. When he started to ...with Alice he thought she was the greatest girl in the world.

- A) go on
- B) go out
- C) go off
- D) go back

21. As a result of the recent,unprovoked attack, the two countries...their diplomatic relations.

- A)broke in
- B) broke out

C) broke away
 D) broke off
 22. The county commissioner ... the heated issue of restricting on-street parking.
 A) brought on
 B) brought up
 C) brought back
 D) brought out
 23. The teacher ...James to write the equation on the blackboard.
 A)called off
 B) called on
 C) called for
 D) called after
 24. The new minister... each of the families of his church in order to become better acquainted with them.
 A) called off
 B) called on
 C) called for
 D) called after
 25. Because Marita doesn't ...dark colors, she buys only brightly colored clothes.
 A)care for
 B) care about
 C) care to
 D) care to do
 26. I went to the library and ...thirty books last night for my research paper.
 A) check out
 B) check in
 C) check on

D) check up
 27. This photocopy machine is not working properly.Could you ...the problem?
 A) check out
 B) check in
 C) check on
 D) check up
 28. We were told that we had to ...the hotel before one o'clock ,or else we would have to pay for another day.
 A) check out of
 B) check in
 C) check on
 D) check for
 29. The insurance company decided to ... his driving record before insuring him.
 A) check into
 B) check in
 C) check out of
 D) check up on
 30. In his hallucinatory state,the addict felt that the walls were ... him.
 A) closing down
 B) closing
 C) closing up
 D) closing in on
 31. June ... her supervisor to the budget meeting.
 A)came over
 B) came up
 C) came along with
 D) came into

32. During the summer, many people ... intestinal disorders.

- A) come back
- B) come up
- C) come down with
- D) come into

33. Maria was ... the grant money to pay her way through graduate school.

- A) counting on
- B) counting down
- C) counting up
- D) counting out

34. Because of the increasing number of problems created after the football games, the director has decided ... all sports activities.

- A) to do about
- B) to do without
- C) to do away with
- D) to do with

35. A new advertising contract was ... after the terms had been decided.

- A) drawn up
- B) drawn out
- C) drawn to
- D) drawn from

36. This organization has done a great deal to prevent young people from ... school.

- A) dropping in
- B) dropping out of
- C) dropping by
- D) dropping round

37. After failing to ... his income tax return, Hal decided to see an accountant.

- A) figure out
- B) figure on
- C) figure in
- D) figure

38. Erin just ... that her ancestors had come from Scotland, not Ireland.

- A) found out
- B) put out
- C) took out
- D) went out

39. Despite the high cost of living, we will ... on my salary.

- A) get on
- B) get back
- C) get by
- D) get into

40. Jerry called for an earlier appointment because he ... with his project sooner than he had expected.

- A) get on
- B) get back
- C) get through
- D) get into

41. It is difficult to ... to someone who doesn't understand your language.

- A) get on
- B) get back
- C) get away
- D) get through

42. Pete usually ... early in the morning, but this morning he overslept.

- A) get on
- B) get back
- C) get up
- D) get into

43. Paul is trying to ... a group of square dancers to go to Switzerland.

- A) get on
- B) get back
- C) get up
- D) get into

44. Helen ... working for the company because she felt that the employees were not treated fairly.

- A) give in
- B) give up
- C) give out
- D) give away

45. Mr. Robbins always ... anything his employer wants to do.

- A) go away
- B) go along with
- C) go round
- D) go back

46. Despite moving to the Western world, Mariko ... her Oriental ways.

- A) held on to
- B) held out
- C) held up
- D) held on

47. The convenience store was ... last night. The police couldn't solve its reason.

- A) held on to
- B) held out
- C) held up
- D) held on

48. Mrs. Jones ... very well after her husband's death.

- A) held on to
- B) held out
- C) held up
- D) held on

49. Last night's accident ... rush hour traffic on the freeway for two hours.

- A) held on to
- B) held out
- C) held up
- D) held on

50. I ... urging Rita to practice the violin, but she doesn't need my advice.

- A) keep on
- B) keep away from
- C) keep off
- D) keep back

51. After my aunt had died, her lawyer ... my uncle's financial affairs.

- A) looked after
- B) looked into
- C) looked for
- D) looked up

52. Lynette is ... the possibility of opening a drugstore in Dallas as well as in Fort Worth.

A) looked after

B) looked into

C) looked on

D) looked up

53. The political candidate ... campaign literature to her coworkers.

A) passed out

B) passed

C) passed

D) passed

54. The intense heat in the garden caused Maria to

A) pass out

B) pass on

C) pass off

D) pass by

55. The judges were asked to ... the essays that showed the most originality.

A) pick out

B) pick on

C) pick up

D) picked out

56. Being a professional writer, Janos helped us by ... problems in our style.

A) pointing to

B) pointing out

C) pointed to

D) pointed out

57. Because Brian was a poor correspondent, he ... answering his letters.

A) put out

B) put in

C) put off

D) put away

58. While rummaging through some old boxes in the attic, I ... my grandmother's wedding dress.

A) run out

B) run down

C) run off

D) run across

59. When Jack was in New York, he ... an old friend at the theater.

A) run out

B) run into

C) run off

D) run across

60. My neighbor is going to ... getting tickets for next Saturday's football game.

A) saw about

B) see through

C) see about

D) see off

61. Our flight to Toronto ... on schedule.

A) took after

B) took over

C) took up

D) took off

62. Marie had a class this afternoon, so Janet ... her.

A) took after

B) took over

C) took up

D) took off

63. The committee is ... the plans for the homecoming dance and banquet.
 A) talking about
 B) talking over
 C) talking
 D) talking
64. General Mills asked us to ... their new product.
 A) try on
 B) try out
 C) tried on
 D) tried out
65. Marguerite plans to ... for the lead in the new musical.
 A) try on
 B) try out
 C) tried on
 D) tried out
66. The students ... their term papers on Monday.
 A) turned in
 B) turned into
 C) turned round
 D) turned out
67. After a long hard day, we decided to ... early.
 A) turn in
 B) turn into
 C) turn round
 D) turn out
68. While driving through that development, we had to ... the little children playing in the street.
 A) turn out
 B) take out
 C) go out
 D) watch out for
69. ... ! There is a car coming.
 A) look after
 B) look out
 C) look on
 D) look up
70. ... ! Everybody is waiting for you.
 A) come by
 B) come across
 C) come on
 D) come away with
71. Can you ... a moment, please?
 A) hold back
 B) hold out
 C) hold up
 D) hold on
72. -Don't stop working ...
 A: Excuse me, where is the station please?
 B: ... this road and turn right at the traffic lights.
 A) carry out
 B) carry off
 C) carry
 D) carry on
73. Don't stop here. ...
 A) drive at
 B) drive off
 C) drive
 D) drive on
74. The plane ... 20 minutes late that's why we couldn't get to our destination in time.
 A) took for

B) took off

C) took to

D) took up

75. I often ... in the middle of the night.

A) wake

B) wake up

C) wake up to

D) woke up

76. What time do you usually ... in the morning?

A) get on

B) get back

C) get up

D) get into

77. What does your son want to do when he ... ?

A) grow on

B) grow out of

C) grow up

D) grow into

78. I can't hear you .Can you ... a bit?

A) speak up

B) speak about

C) speak to

D) speak for

79. After we had finished eating, we It was present to our mother on the eighth of March.

A) washed up

B) washed away

C) washed out

D) washed off

80. ... ! We haven't got much time, or else we'll miss our train.

A) hurry up

B) look up

C) stand up

D) wake up

81. I know that entering the universities is difficult but don't ... , keep trying.

A) give in

B) give up

C) give

D) give away

82. You're driving too fast. ... , otherwise animals on the road will be run over by the car.

A) take down

B) slow down

C) look down

D) put down

83. I'm sorry I'm late. The car ... and no matter how I tried I couldn't get over difficulties.

A) broke up

B) broke

C) broke down

D) broke off

84. - I want to apply a job.

-Can you ... this form ,please.

A) fill up

B) fill

C) fill in

D) fill with

85. The fireman arrived and quickly ...the fire

A) put out

B) put on
 C) put off
 D) put down
 86. If you make a mistake, just ... it ...
 A) cross out
 B) cross over
 C) cross from
 D) cross with
 87. A stone fell on my head and ... me ... I was unconscious.
 A) knocked down
 B) knocked about
 C) knocked off
 D) knocked out
 88. She got into the car and ... in to time.
 A) drove off
 B) drove at
 C) drove on
 D) drove
 89. Tom is leaving tomorrow and is ... on Saturday.
 A) coming up
 B) come in
 C) coming back
 D) coming by
 90. When I touched him on the shoulder, he ...
 A) turned round
 B) turned up
 C) turned on
 D) turned off
 91. How did you ... in your examination yesterday?
 A) get up
 B) get out

C) get on
 D) get off
 92. Will you ... your coat, the room is warm enough.
 A) take to
 B) take up
 C) take off
 D) take on
 93. The police got into the house by ... the door.
 A) breaking down
 B) breaking away
 C) breaking off
 D) breaking out
 94. Ann's asleep. Don't ... her.
 A) wake up
 B) wake up to
 C) wake
 D) wake up
 95. Here's the money you need. Don't forget to ... me ...
 A) pay for
 B) pay up
 C) pay back
 D) pay off
 96. Are you ... your holiday?
 A) looking up
 B) looking at
 C) looking forward to
 D) looking on
 97. You're walking too fast I can't ... you.
 A) keep out
 B) keep up with
 C) keep down
 D) keep off

98. Jack ... smoking He only smokes five cigarettes a day now.

- A) have cut off
- B) has cut down on
- C) has cut across
- D) has cut into

99. Be careful on that horse! Don't ...

- A) fall apart
- B) fall back on
- c) fall off
- D) fall for

100. How did you ... in your interview yesterday?

- A) get up
- B) get over
- C) get out of
- D) get on

101. There used to be a very good shop on the corner but it ... a year ago .

- A) closed
- B) closed in
- C) closed on
- D) closed down

102. – We've bought a new house.

– Oh, have you?

– When are you ... ?

- A) moving out
- B) moving off
- C) moving in
- D) moving across

103. Wayne is nine years old. When he ... , he wants to be a vet.

- A) grows on
- B) grows up
- C) grows out
- D) grows into

104. I arranged to meet Jim after last night but he didn't ...

- A) turn round
- B) turn up
- C) turn on
- D) turn off

105. The weather's horrible isn't it? I hope it ... later.

- A) clears on
- B) clears out
- C) clears off
- D) clears up

106. We all know how wonderful you are. There's no need to ...

- A) show off
- B) show round
- C) show to
- D) show up

107. He told me to put out my cigarette, so I ... it ... out.

- A) put down
- B) put off
- C) put out
- D) put on

108. Please, ... your heating, the room is very cold.

- A) turn off
- B) turn on
- c) turn down
- D) turn round

109. I had to ... my glasses, as my eyesight was poor.

A) put on
 B) put off
 C) put out
 D) put down
 110. He asked my address, so I ... it ...
 A) wrote in
 B) wrote down
 C) wrote off
 D) wrote away
 111. There was a 20 note lying on the pavement, so I ... it.
 A) picked on
 B) picked out
 C) picked up
 D) picked up
 112. There were a few words that I didn't understand, so ... them in my dictionary.
 A) looked up
 B) looked through
 C) looked after
 D) looked on
 113. He had a beard for a long time but he got fed up with it. So he ... it.
 A) took off
 B) put off
 C) shaved off
 D) showed off
 114. The letters BBC ... British Broadcasting Corporation.
 A) stand for
 B) stand up for
 C) stand by
 D) stand aside

115. She couldn't attend the meeting so Helen ... her.
 A) stood out
 B) stood back
 C) stood up
 D) stood in for
 116. He ... the hill.
 A) ran away
 B) ran up
 C) ran off
 D) ran out
 117. She entered the room, ... her bag, and sat on the chair.
 A) put on
 B) put off
 C) put down
 D) put out
 118. The army has ... the rebellion after a long struggle.
 A) put on
 B) put off
 C) put down
 D) put out
 119. She ... the exam paper ... and read all the questions.
 A) turn up
 B) turn off
 C) turn on
 D) turned over
 120. They have ... their engagement.
 A) broken out
 B) broken away
 C) broken in
 D) broken off
 121. He was very tired and soon ... in front of the TV.

A)dropped off

B) dropped in

C) dropped back

D) dropped out

122. While repairing the TV aerial, he .. the roof.

A) fell for

B)fell through

C) fell out with

D) fell

123. She always ... her brother if anyone criticized him.

A) stood up for

B) stood out

C) stood up

D) stood

124. He ... the idea ... in his mind all day but couldn't make a decision.

A) turned on

B)turned over

C) turned out

D) turned up

125. She ... a piece of chocolate and gave it to him.

A) broke in

B) broke away

C)broke off

D) broke in

126. The plan to build a new road ... due to lack of money.

A) fell out with

B) fell apart

C) fell for

D)fell through

127. We all ... the President when he entered the room.

A)stood up for

B) stood

C) stood out

D) stood back

128. This plant must be dead.All the leaves have

A) dropped back

B) dropped by

C) dropped in

D)dropped off

129. After stopping for fuel in New York, the plane ... to Los Angeles.

A) put on

B)flew on

C) switched on

D) turned on

130. He ... a large telephone bill.

A)ran down

B)ran up

C)ran over

D)ran away

131.I thought of leaving my job, but my boss persuaded me to

A) stay up

B)stay on

C) stay out

D) stay in

132. We thought the ship would stop and pick us up, but it

A) put on

B) flew on

C)sailed on

D) switched on

ANSWERS OF THE EXERCISES

Exercise 1.

1-e	4-g	7-a
2-d	5-b	8-h
3-f	6-c	

Exercise 2.

1-came through	4-brought on	7-try it out
2-fight off	5-go ahead	8-build my strength up
3-feel up to	6-wears off/wore off	

Exercise3.

A.	L		
B.	N	To break something off=	To discontinue something,to end something abruptly
C.	N	To drop off=	To fall asleep
D.	L		
E.	N	To stand up for someone/ something=	To defend someone/ something that is under attack
F.	N	To turn something over in your mind =	To consider something carefully and at length
G.	L		
H.	N	To fall through =	To be abandoned or fail to be completed (e.g.a plan or arrangement)
I.	L		
J.	L		

Exercise 4.

1-E	3-F	5-A
2-D	4-B	6-C

Exercise 5.

A-switch	C-cut	E-ring
B-break	D-called	F-sign

Exercise 6.

1-g	4-h	7-i
2-d	5-f	8-a
3-c	6-e	9-b

Exercise 7.

Are decreasing	-are falling off
Proved to be very popular	-caught on
Withdraw from	-back out of
Improve	-pick up
Employ	-take on
Taking control	-taking over
Dismissing	-laying off
To produce	-come up with
Been abandoned	-fallen through

Exercise 8.

1	A	Correct	
	B	Wrong	You can only <i>come up with</i> something that is inventive, such as a suggestion, idea or solution.
	C	Correct	
	D	Correct	
2	A	Correct	
	B	Wrong	Only things which can become fashionable, such as a new idea, method, fashion, tune, or pastime, can <i>catch on</i> .
	C	Correct	
	D	Correct	
3	A	Correct	
	B	Wrong	Only something such as a plan or arrangement can <i>fall through</i> . But we can say "the search has

			been abandoned/ <i>called off</i> ".
	C	Correct	
	D	Correct	
4	A	Wrong	
	B	Wrong	Only things that can decrease in amount or number, such as sales, exports, economic growth, investment etc, can <i>fall off</i> .
	C	Correct	
	D	Correct	

Exercise 9.

- 1.Can you move over to make room for your sister?
- 2.When Harry asked Jill to read, she finished it over.
- 3.Jim has invited me back to his house tomorrow.
- 4.Paul was only having on his parents when he told them he'd failed his driving test.
- 5.What do you have on tomorrow?
- 6.Sue had the light on in her bedroom, so I knew she was at home.

Exercise 10.

1b	3c	5d	7c	9a
2c	4a	6d	8b	10c

Exercise 11.

Possible answers.

- 1.her illness
- 2.bread/coffee/sugar etc.
- 3.in a dictionary
- 4.my boss/my parents/the neighbours/ my teacher etc.
- 5.her coat/her jacket/her gloves etc.
- 6.the fire
- 7.the cat/the children etc.
- 8.the car
- 9.early/late etc.
- 10.by ten pounds/next week etc.
- 11.excuses/stories
- 12.on the bed/on the floor

- 13.the TV/the light/the fire
- 14.my flat/my house
- 15.the problem/the mess/the central heating
- 16.tonight/on Saturday evening
- 17.the second question/the final part
- 18.just outside London
- 19.on your salary/on seventy pounds
- 20.in a small town/by the sea

Exercise 12.

1.care for	13.look after	25.count on
2.do away with	14.came down with	26.put off
3.drop out of	15.fill in	27.ran into
4.get through	16.held on to	28.see about
5.broke off	17.look into	29.brought up
6.held up	18.passed out(handed out)	30.passed out
7.drawing up	19.check out of	31.talk over
8.figure out	20.found out	32.trying out
9.keep on	21.pick out	33.turned in
10.called on	22.get by(get along)	34.get up(wake up)
11.give up	23.come along with	35.watch out for
12.closing in on	24.pointed out	

Exercise 13

1	Kick down
2	Go away
3	Keeps away
4	Sweep back
5	Got over
6	Think of
7	Fall into
8	Goes over
9	Held up
10	Go round
11	Goes on

12	Lies down/rise up
13	Runs away
14	Run over
15	Wears away
16	Eat out
17	Fall into
18	Drive out
19	Go through
20	Eat up
21	Pull out
22	Come off
23	Go down/go up
24	Go out
25	Cut off
26	Go about

Exercise 14.

- 1.devise/plan
- 2.calculate
- 3.understand
- 4.wasn't successful
- 5.resolve
- 6.do exercises/train

Exercise 15.

- 1.give up
- 2.will give away
- 3.gave him away
- 4.gave himself up
- 5.work out
- 6.is woking herself up into
- 7.work up
- 8.working out
- 9.put you up
- 10.put that date down

- 11.has just put up
- 12.putting me down
- 13.are getting up to
- 14.did we get up to
- 15.are you getting on with
- 16.did you all get on with
- 17.go in for
- 18.will go down with
- 19.was badly getting down with
- 20.go in for

Exercise 16.

1 lying back	5 made up	9 work out
2 keep away	6 got around	10 come about
3 wore off	7 broke up	
4 go through/settle on	8 set up	

Exercise 17.

1. cut back	6. get through	11. has stepped down
2. will draw up	7. has laid off	12. are taking on
3. fall behind	8. put forward	13. take over
4. fell through	9. ring back	
5. fought off	10. sort out	

Exercise 18.

Context.

1. at	6.in	11.of
2. out of/from	7. in	12. on
3.at	8. at	13.of
4. from	9. to	14.to
5. for	10. for	15.of

Exercise 19.

Context.

1. put up with	5. lie in	9. let me in on
2. lie down	6. catch up on	10. coughed up
3. stay up	7. looks down on	11. cheer up
4. come about	8. face up to	12. look forward to

KEYS TO THE TESTS

1B	34C	67A	100D
2B	35A	68D	101D
3C	36B	69B	102C
4A	37A	70C	103B
5B	38A	71D	104B
6D	39C	72D	105D
7A	40C	73D	106A
8C	41D	74D	107C
9A	42C	75B	108B
10D	43C	76C	109A
11A	44B	77C	110B
12A	45B	78A	111C
13C	46A	79A	112A
14C	47C	80A	113C
15B	48C	81B	114A
16A	49C	82B	115D
17D	50A	83C	116B
18D	51A	84C	117C
19C	52B	85A	118C
20B	53A	86A	119D
21D	54A	87D	120D
22B	55A	88A	121A
23B	56B	89C	122B
24B	57C	90A	123A
25A	58D	91C	124B
26A	59B	92C	125C
27A	60C	93A	126D

28A	61D	94A	127A
29D	62B	95C	128D
30D	63B	96C	129B
31C	64B	97B	130B
32C	65B	98B	131B
33A	66A	99C	132C

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**ENGLISH
PHRASAL VERBS
IN USE**

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