

SCIENTIFIC APPROACH TO THE MODERN **EDUCATION SYSTEM**







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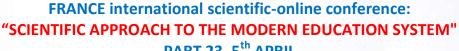


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UNDERSTANDING CONTEXT, TRANSLATION, AND INTUITION IN COMMUNICATION

Saidova Mukhayyo Umedilloevna

Associate professor of English linguistics department Olimova Sharifa Siddiqovna

Master Student, Bukhara State University

Annotatsiya Kontekst, til elementining ma'nosini tushunishga yordam beradigan muhit ma'lumotlariga tegishli bo'ladi, tarjima esa turli bosqichlardan o'tkazib boriladigan ma'noni topishni o'z ichiga oladi. Intuitsiya, bizga tahlil qilmasdan to'g'ri narsani bilmaymizga imkon beradigan jarayonni ta'rifi. U instinkt va aqlni birlashtirib, bizning ruhiy markazimiz bilan bog'liq va quyoshning chiqindisi sohasida hissiyot bo'lishi mumkin. Bu, qaror qabul qilish va tushunishda intuitsiyaning ahamiyatini belgilaydi, jamiyatning instinktlarga ishonishga qarshi bo'lgan tamoyillari bo'lsa ham.

Tayanch iboralar: Intuitsiya, kognitiv jarayon, noma'lum xotira, instinkt, qaror qabul qilish, ruhaniy markaz, quyosh ichki to'siqi, ichki bilim, aniqlik.

Abstract Context refers to the surrounding information that aids in comprehending the meaning of a linguistic item, while interpretation involves finding meaning through various stages. Intuition is described as a process that allows us to know something directly without analytical reasoning, bridging the gap between instinct and reason. It is linked to our spiritual core and can be felt in the solar plexus area, influencing our thoughts, actions, and speech. The text highlights the importance of intuition in decision-making and understanding, despite cultural biases against relying on instincts.

Key words: Intuition, cognitive process, nonconscious mind, instinct, decision-making, spiritual core, insights, inner knowledge, accuracy.

Аннотация Контекст относится к окружающей информации, которая помогает понять значение лингвистического элемента, а интерпретация включает в себя нахождение значения через различные этапы. Интуиция описывается как процесс, который позволяет нам знать что-то напрямую, без аналитического рассуждения, соединяя инстинкт и разум. Она связана с нашим духовным ядром и может ощущаться в области солнечного сплетения, влияя на наши мысли, действия и речь. Текст подчеркивает важность интуиции в принятии решений и понимании, несмотря на культурные предвзятости против полагания на инстинкты.

Ключевые слова: Интуиция, когнитивный процесс, бессознательный ум, инстинкт, принятие решений, духовное ядро, вдохновения, внутреннее знание, точность.

Context in comprehension, information from the immediate setting surrounding an item in a text and which provides information that can be used to understand the meaning of an item. Such clues may be lexical or grammatical. In speech context clues include the verbal, paralinguistic and non-verbal signs that help speakers understand the full meaning

of a speaker's utterances in context. Communication occurring in a context that offers help to comprehension through such things as the situation and setting, visual clues, gestures and actions. In such a situation the learner can make more use of top-down processing to infer meanings. At the same time the speaker may communicate less explicitly since much of the meaning is known from the context. The meaning a linguistic item has in context, for example the meaning a word has within a particular sentence, or a sentence has in a particular paragraph. The question "Do you know the meaning of war?" For example, may have two different contextual meanings: a) it may mean Do you know the meaning of the word war? when said by a language teacher to a class of students. b) it may mean War produces death, injury, and suffering, when said by an injured soldier to a politician who favors war.

Interpretation is the act or result of explaining or interpreting something: the way something is explained or understood. Interpretation concerns the act of finding meaning which involves three stages: finding literal meaning based on the semantic information, finding explicature or a basic interpretation of an utterance using contextual information and world knowledge, and finding an implicature or what is hinted at by an utterance in its particular context.

Intuition is a process that gives us the ability to know something directly without analytic reasoning, bridging the gap between the conscious and nonconscious parts of our mind, and also between instinct and reason. Our discomfort with the idea of relying on our instincts is based on millennia of cultural prejudice. Our intuition comes from our spiritual core and can be felt first up in the solar plexus area. The waves of the intuition travel to the back brain, where they are encoded into images and then forwarded to the frontal brain, where speech, action, and thought arises. The solar plexus — also called the celiac plexus — is a complex system of radiating nerves and ganglia. It's found in the pit of the stomach in front of the aorta. It's part of the sympathetic nervous system. Simply, we can say that intuition is the ability to know something without any proof. It is sometimes known as a "gut feeling," "instinct," or "sixth sense." ... Like our ability to reason, sometimes our intuition is accurate and sometimes it's not.

In conclusion, Intuition is a valuable cognitive process that allows us to know something directly without the need for analytical reasoning. It bridges the gap between our conscious and nonconscious mind, as well as between instinct and reason. Despite cultural prejudices against relying on instincts, intuition is an important aspect of decision-making and understanding the world around us. It originates from our spiritual core, often felt in the solar plexus area, and travels through our brain to inform our thoughts, actions, and speech. While intuition can sometimes be inaccurate, it serves as a powerful tool for gaining insights and making decisions based on inner knowledge rather than external evidence.

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