# FİKRİ MÜLKİYET HUKUKUNDA GÜNCEL GELİŞMELER - III **ULUSLARARASI SEMPOZYUMU** ÖZET METİN BİLDİRİ KİTABI

16-17 MAYIS 2025

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FILIZ KITABEVI İSTANBUL

CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS ON INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW - III

**ABDULLAH KONFERANS SALONU** 



















#### SEMPOZYUM PROGRAMI

#### 1. GÜN

08.30	KAYIT		
09:00 09:00 11:00	AÇILIŞ KONUŞMALARI (ABDULLAH TİVNİKLİ KONFERANS SALONU)		
	Prof. Dr. Ahmet Cevat ACAR (Sabahattin Zaim Üniversitesi Rektörü)		
	Prof. Dr. Viicel OGURLII (Balikesir Universitesi Rektörü)		
	Pülent FORTA (Müzik Eserleri ile Bağlantılı Hak Sahibi Fonogram Ya-		
	nımcıları Meslek Birligi)		
	Recep Ergül (Musiki Eser Sahipleri Meslek Birliği)		
	Prof Dr. Islambek RUSTAMBEKOV (Taşkent Devlet Hukuk Universites		
	PAVIORII		
	Prof. Dr. Ahmet Vecdi CAN (Uluslararası Vizyon Üniversitesi Rektörü)		
	Telif Hakları Genel Müdürlüğü (Telli Hakları Genel Müdürlüğü (		
	Prof. Dr. Muhammed Zeki DURAK (Turk Futen)		
	kanı)		
11.00	Ara		
11.15			

### 16 Mayıs 2025 1. OTURUM (NİZAMÜLMÜLK KONFERANS SALONU) OTURUM BAŞKANI: PROF. DR. AYŞE ODMAN BOZTOSUN

11.15 11.30	OTURUM BAŞKANI: PROF.  Prof. Dr. Rasulov Zubaydullo IZOMOVICH / Assoc. Prof. Dr. Saidov Khayrullo SHAVKATOVICH (Bukhara State University / Bukhara State University)	THE PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IN UZBEKISTAN: RECENT DEVELOPMENTS, NEW DECREES, AND LAWS
11.30 11.45	Arş. Gör. Akramov Izzatulla IKROMOVICH / Doç. Dr. Akhmedova Sarvinoz HİKMATOVNA (Bukhara State University / Bukhara State University)	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IN UZBEKISTAN: AN OVERVIEW  KUZEY MAKEDONYA
11.45	Arş. Gör. Nazife YAKUPOVA DOMAZET (Uluslararası Viz- yon Üniversitesi)	KUZEY MAKEDON IA CUMHURİYETİ'NDE FİKRİ MÜLKİYET HAKLARININ KİŞİSEL GELİR VERGİSİ KANUNU KAPSAMINDA VERGİLENDİRİLMESİ

## INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IN UZBEKISTAN: AN OVERVIEW

Akramov Izzatulla IKROMOVICH\*\*

Assoc. Prof. Dr. Akhmedova Sarvinoz HIKMATOVNA\*\*\*

Intellectual property (IP) rights in Uzbekistan have evolved significantly since the country's independence in 1991. The legal framework for IP protection is based on several key laws and international agreements, reflecting a commitment to safeguarding creative and innovative achievements.

As notable IP Cases we can share following examples, in 2019, GM Uzbekistan (now UzAuto Motors) faced challenges protecting its "Chevrolet" trademark in the local market. They successfully pursued actions against unauthorized dealers using the Chevrolet brand, which resulted in strengthened enforcement of automotive trademark rights. The company has also successfully registered and defended multiple trademarks including "Artel" and "Royal."

The legal protection of intellectual property in Uzbekistan is primarily governed by the "Constitution", the "Civil Code", and specific laws such as "Law "On Copyright and Related Rights": This law regulates literary, scientific, and artistic works, ensuring authors' rights are protected, Law "On Inventions, Utility Models and Industrial Designs": Covers patents for inventions, utility models, and industrial designs, Law "On Trademarks, Service

<sup>\*</sup> This study has been checked by a plagiarism detection program and has undergone peer review.

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Marks and Appellations of Origin of Goods": Deals with trademarks registra-

Additionally, resolutions like those from the Supreme Court play a crucial role in guiding judicial decisions related to IP cases. Until 2019, the Intellectual Property Agency was responsible for state registration of IP objects. Following reforms initiated by Presidential Decree No. PD-4168 on February 2, 2019, this agency was reorganized under the Ministry of Justice with expanded responsibilities including enforcement measures against infringements. This change has enhanced legal enforcement capabilities.

Uzbekistan has joined several international treaties aimed at strengthening its IP regime, including the Berne Convention (2005), the WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty (WPPT), and the WIPO Copyright Treaty (WCT), collectively known as WIPO Internet Treaties (accession in 2019). These memberships reflect efforts to align domestic legislation with global standards.

Despite progress made through legislative reforms like extending copyright terms from 50 to 70 years, challenges persist. Uzbekistan remains on the U.S. Trade Representative's Special 301 Report Watch List due to ongoing issues with full ex officio border enforcement authority, and there is a need for further improvements in protecting foreign sound recordings under copyright law.

However, recent strategies such as establishing regional IP Protection Centers indicate continued commitment towards enhancing enforcement mechanisms.

Approximately 4.5 thousand items of intellectual property are registered annually in Uzbekistan. This includes over 2 thousand trademarks, highlighting active engagement with IP protection within both domestic businesses and international entities operating locally.

While significant strides have been made towards strengthening intellectual property rights protection in Uzbekistan through legislative updates and institutional restructuring since its independence from Soviet rule until now, there remain areas where further development is necessary—particularly regarding full implementation of international obligations related to border control measures against counterfeit goods entering or exiting its borders.

**Keywords:** Intellectual Property Rights, Uzbekistan Legal Framework, Trademark Protection, Copyright Law, International Agreements (E.G., WIPO Treaties), Border Enforcement.