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**DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISM IN UZBEKISTAN: PROBLEMS
AND SOLUTIONS**

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Annotation: *This article provides practical information on identifying problems and solutions for the development of international tourism in our country.*

Key words: *international tourism market, international tourists, world tourism market, balance of payments, openness policy.*

Directions for the development of the international tourism market International tourism is becoming the most important, stable and dynamically developing sector of the world economy. According to BTT, in 2019, the overall growth rate of tourism worldwide was 5%. The arrival of foreign tourists is 1.4 billion people. (2019) per person, the amount of total tourist income increased by \$1,48 trillion. The composition of international tourism services and the service sector has also changed dramatically. The global tourism market is becoming more diverse, the demand and demand for tourism products in the social sphere of the population is growing. The mass organized form of tourism expanded, the quality of tourist service (transport, accommodation, food, rest, recreation, etc.) gradually developed. The number of special tourism organizations (companies) offering various tourism products has increased.

In many countries, international tourism is becoming an important factor in maintaining the balance of payments, earning foreign currency for the country, and improving the well-being of the people. In recent years, tourism has become an important source of employment in the world and has attracted huge investments in global infrastructure. This will improve the well-being of both local residents and visiting tourists. Many tourism jobs appear in areas where tourism enterprises are developing. This will help balance economic opportunities and prevent the outflow of the rural population to cities with all the amenities.

Understanding and seeing the characteristics of rugged terrain and establishing personal connections are shaped by the tourism industry. International tourism significantly affects the economic, social, political, cultural, educational spheres of each country. Tourism is of great cultural and spiritual significance, opens up broad horizons in strengthening consensus, strengthening mutual cooperation between peoples, eliminating



regional and local conflicts, and strengthening sustainable peace. All this creates a demand for an in-depth study of international tourism.

After gaining independence, the Republic of Uzbekistan set as its ultimate goal the construction of a society based on a market economy. The tourism sector is also one of the leading industries. Tourism is not only the study of the past, acquaintance with other peoples and nationalities, enjoying the monuments of their culture, it is also a big business.

As part of the Address of the President of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev to the Oliy Majlis, it was noted that the transformation of tourism into a strategic sector of the economy remains a priority. “One of the most important tasks facing the government is to increase the number of tourists coming to our country to 7.5 million people this year. It is known that in 2020 a number of influential foreign media included Uzbekistan among the countries recommended for travel. We must make the most of this opportunity,” the head of state said. At the same time, the need for accelerated development of pilgrimage and medical tourism, which has great potential, was also noted: “There are more than 8,200 cultural heritage sites in our country, and only 500 of them are included in tourist routes. The government should determine measures to increase the number of objects on routes where pilgrimage and traditional tourism can be developed, up to 800 within three months.” During the appeal, another task was emphasized - the need to accelerate the inclusion of new objects of Uzbekistan in the list of World tangible cultural heritage and UNESCO Intangible Cultural Heritage. “This year it is necessary to allocate 200 billion soums of subsidies from the state budget for the construction of new modern hotels, the accelerated development of tourism infrastructure,” the President said.⁶

Formed legislation and legal framework in the field of tourism, aimed at creating favorable conditions for the activities of the subjects of the tourism industry. Remove all obstacles and pitfalls in the development of tourism, simplify visa and registration procedures, passport and customs control, optimize the mechanism of public administration and regulation of the tourism sector in a market-oriented manner.

As a result of the implementation of the “openness policy” of our country, the number of countries for visa-free entry into Uzbekistan for citizens of foreign states has been increased from 9 to 90. Huge reforms were carried out last year to develop the tourism industry in the Bukhara region. In total, in 2019, there were 114 accommodation facilities to serve foreign and local tourists.

From January to March 2022, among foreign citizens who arrived in the republic, men accounted for 52,2% (318,28 thousand people), and women – 47,8% (291,31 thousand people).⁷

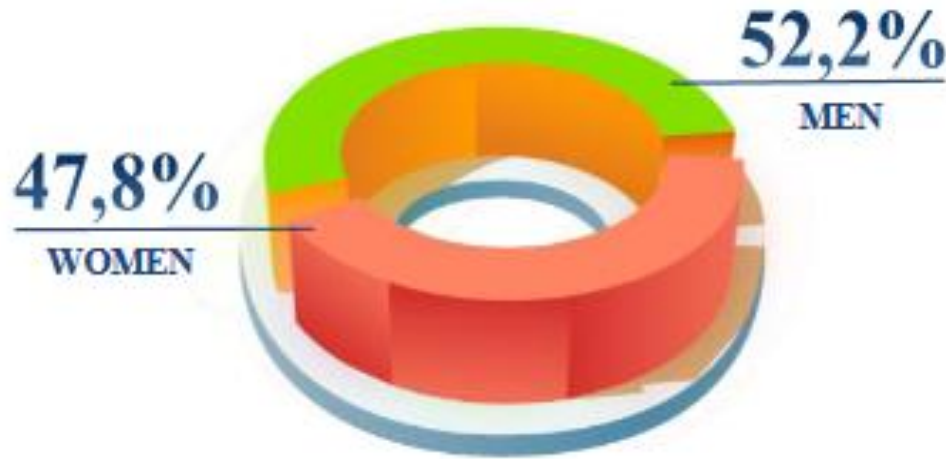
The dynamics of the number of men and women who arrived in Uzbekistan shows an increase in the share of men in the total number of foreign citizens who arrived. At the beginning of 2019, men accounted for only 692,72 thousand people (50, 2% of the total

⁶ <https://uzbektourism.uz/uz/newnews/view?id=985>

⁷ file:///C:/Users/user/Downloads/18.Tourist%20flows-3.pdf



number of arrivals), and women – 687,49 thousand people (49,8%). In January-March 2020, there was an excess of the share of men in the total number of foreign citizens who arrived (men – 51,9% (629,62 thousand people), women – 48,1% (584,34 thousand people). For the same period in 2021, the number of arrived men amounted to 121,02 thousand people (50,7%), women -117,84 thousand people (49,3%).⁸



**Total for the I quarter
of the corresponding year (thousand people)**



In connection with this, during the years of independence, the necessary organizational and legal mechanisms for the development of the industry were created in

⁸ file:///C:/Users/user/Downloads/18.Tourist%20flows-3.pdf



Uzbekistan, and the government adopted relevant regulatory documents. Work in this direction continues today. Due to this, according to the World Travel and Tourism Council (WTTC), the tourism sector of the Republic of Uzbekistan is included in the list of 10 rapidly developing countries. In the period of determining the future, the trend of providing tourist services to foreign citizens in the Republic of Uzbekistan is increasing. In the future, this situation ensures the development of the tourism business in the market of inbound and outbound tourism in Uzbekistan, not only the tourism industry, but also a number of other sectors of the national economy related to tourism.

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