



ВАЗОРАТИ МАОРИФ ВА ИЛМИ ҶУМҲУРИИ ТОҶИКИСТОН
ДОНИШКАДАИ ОМУЌЗОРИИ ТОҶИКИСТОН ДАР ШАҲРИ ПАНҶАКЕНТ
МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РЕСПУБЛИКИ ТАДЖИКИСТАН
ТАДЖИКСКИЙ ПЕДАГОГИЧЕСКИЙ ИНСТИТУТ В Г. ПЕНДЖИКЕНТ

ВАЗОРАТИ МАОРИФ ВА ИЛМИ ҶУМҲУРИИ ТОҶИКИСТОН
ДОНИШКАДАИ ОМУЌЗОРИИ ТОҶИКИСТОН ДАР ШАҲРИ
ПАНҶАКЕНТ

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ОБЩЕСТВЕННО-ГУМАНИТАРНЫХ И ЕСТЕСТВЕННЫХ НАУК В УСЛОВИЯХ ГЛОБАЛИЗАЦИИ И ПАНДЕМИИ COVID-19»,
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шоғирдони устоҳо буданд. Заргарбошӣ устоҳоро то ҳазина ва берун омаданашон назорат намуда, онҳоро бо тилло, нуқра, санғҳои гаронарзиш ва бо маҳсулотҳои дигари зарури таъмин карда, кори тайёрро қабул мекард.

Агар зарурат ба ҷиҳози зиёд бошад, аз корхонаҳои хусусии зарғариӣ шаҳр устоҳоро ба сарой даъват мекарданд. Он зарғароне, ки дар сарой малака ва ғайолияти зиёд доранд 5 танга, малакаи паст дошта бошад, 3 танга музд ва дар рӯз се бор бо хӯроки гарм таъмин карда мешуданд.

Дар зарғархона на танҳо зару зевар, балки тилло, нуқра, мис, тангаҳо низ бароварда мешуданд. Дар арк чор то дастгоҳи коркарди нуқра ва якто истеҳсоли тангаҳои тилло мебароварданд. Дар деҳаи Ғурбун як то дастгоҳи пулбарорӣ буда, дар он бо роҳбарии як усто 9-10 нафар кор мекарданд. Асосан хунари зарғарӣ аз тарафи ҳукумат ҳамеша дастгирӣ карда мешуд.

Ҳифзи хунаҳои аҷлодӣ ва афзун гардонидани онҳо падидаи нусратбору фараҳбахше мебошад. Ҳар як хунареманде, ки касби хешро кофӣ балад аст, дар қиболи кадр намудани арзишҳои миллию фарҳангии халқи худ, зинда нигоҳ доштани касби пуршарафи аҷлодӣ, инчунин тайёр намудани ворисони арзанда дар ин самт, ки тавониста бошанд, байрақи Коваро баландтар бардоранд, то дудмони гузаштагони халқи худро пос дорад, зеро ин рисолати мардумсолории ҳар хунареманди соҳибкасб мебошад!

Хунаремандӣ, агар дорӣ, на гавҳар,
Гул аз хор асту Иброҳим - аз озар!

Феҳрасти адабиёт

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THE EFFORTS BY THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY TACKLING WITH COVID-19 PANDEMIC: QUO VADIS

Annotation: In the following article the efforts which are directed at the maintaining of the sufficient level of human development, in the processing of jobs curing the COVID-19 is analysed. The situation with the vaccines of Moderna, Pfizer/BioNTech, Gamaleya Research Center, Oxford/AstraZeneca is clarified.

Keywords: World Health Organization, Covid-19 pandemic, vaccine, Gavi, Middle East Respiratory Syndrome, Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome

The World Health Organization (WHO) has said it is in "close contact" with UK officials over the emergence of a new variant of coronavirus. The new variant is spreading more rapidly than the original version, but is not believed to be more deadly. On Sunday 20 December, the

Netherlands introduced a ban on passenger flights from the UK because of the new variant. The ban will remain in place until 1 January, the Dutch government said. The move comes after sampling of a case in the Netherlands earlier this month revealed the same new variant of coronavirus as that found in the UK.

What do we know about the new variant? The WHO tweeted that it was in contact with UK officials over the new variant.

It said the UK was sharing information from ongoing studies into the mutation, and that the WHO would update member states and the public “as we learn more about the characteristics of this virus variant [and] any implications”. Although there is “considerable uncertainty”, UK Prime Minister Boris Johnson said the new variant may be up to 70% more transmissible than the old one. But officials say there is no current evidence to suggest the new variant causes a higher mortality rate or that it is affected any differently by vaccines and treatments. “I think this is a situation which is going to make things a lot worse, but there are some really optimistic things if you look once we get the vaccine out, assuming the vaccine works against this, which at the moment is the working assumption,” said England’s chief medical officer, Prof Chris Whitty.

Italy has ordered a nationwide lockdown over much of the Christmas and New Year period. The country will be under “red-zone” restrictions over the public holidays, with non-essential shops, restaurants and bars closed, and Italians only allowed to travel for limited reasons. The Netherlands and Germany have imposed lockdowns until January. In Germany, Christmas will see a slight easing, with one household allowed to host up to four close family members. Austria is set to enter its third lockdown after Christmas. From 26 December, non-essential shops will be shut and movement outside homes restricted.

Sweden long dismissing the initial Covid-19 pandemic has recommended wearing face masks on public transport during the rush hour, reversing its earlier guidance. France’s President Emmanuel Macron is in a “stable” condition after testing positive for coronavirus, his office said on Saturday.

Slovakia’s Prime Minister Igor Matovic, who attended an EU summit with Mr Macron last week, said he had tested positive for coronavirus on Friday. Several other European leaders who were also at the summit said they would self-isolate.

Australia’s most populous state, New South Wales, has announced new restrictions on household gatherings and hospitality venues for the Greater Sydney area in an attempt to contain a growing outbreak there. In the US, the army general in charge of distributing Covid vaccines, Gen Gustave Perna, has admitted he failed over the initial number of Pfizer/BioNTech doses promised to states. More than a dozen states have expressed alarm at a cut in the expected number¹

U.S. distribution of Moderna Inc’s COVID-19 vaccine began on Saturday, with more than 3,700 sites due to start receiving and administering shots as soon as Monday, vastly widening the rollout started last week by Pfizer Inc. Amid record coronavirus infections and deaths, Moderna has already moved vaccine supplies from its manufacturing plants to warehouses operated by distributor McKesson Corp. Workers on Saturday were packing vaccines into containers and loading them on trucks, U.S. Army General Gustave Perna said during a news conference. Doses of vaccine must travel with security guards, including U.S. Marshals, and will be stored in locked refrigerators. U.S. plans call for at-risk groups such as elderly people in nursing homes and medical workers to receive injections first. The Food and Drug Administration on Friday approved an emergency use authorization for Moderna’s vaccine, the second COVID-19 vaccine to receive approval. Moderna said a panel of outside advisers to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention voted Saturday to recommend its vaccine for use in people aged 18 and older. The Advisory Committee

¹ Covid: WHO in 'close contact' with UK over new virus variant <https://www.bbc.com/news/world-55382212>

on Immunization Practices panel voted 11-0 in favor of the vaccine. The jab developed by Pfizer and its German partner BioNTech SE was authorized Dec. 11.

Pharmaceutical services provider Catalent Inc's facility in Bloomington, Indiana, is filling and packaging vials with Moderna vaccine and handing them to McKesson. The company is shipping them from its facilities including those in Louisville, Kentucky and Memphis, Tennessee, which are close to air hubs for United Parcel Service Inc and FedEx Corp. Pfizer organized its own distribution system. The U.S. government's vaccine program, dubbed Operation Warp Speed, is in charge of logistics for Moderna's distribution under Perna. A spokeswoman for the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services said 7.9 million doses of Pfizer and Moderna vaccines would be delivered nationally this week. Transportation companies UPS and FedEx are giving priority to vaccines on planes and trucks that are moving holiday gifts and other cargo. They are going directly to vaccination sites, unlike Pfizer's which was sent to large hubs and redistributed. Vaccines are a very small fraction of total volumes.

Moderna's vaccine is available in quantities as small as 100 doses and can be stored for 30 days in standard-temperature refrigerators, while the inoculations from Pfizer come in boxes of 975 doses, must be shipped and stored at -70 Celsius.

Programs by pharmacies Walgreens and CVS to distribute the Pfizer vaccine to long-term care facilities are expected to start on Monday.

Perna said the United States is on track to have enough doses of Pfizer and Moderna vaccines by the end of the year to inoculate 20 million people, as the government projected, but deliveries of those doses may continue into first week of January. Healthcare experts forecast it will take well into 2021 for a significant portion of Americans to be inoculated. Both vaccines were about 95% effective at preventing illness in clinical trials that found no serious safety issues¹.

Leaders of the 20 biggest economies on Saturday vowed to ensure a fair distribution of COVID-19 vaccines, drugs and tests around the world and do what was needed to support poorer countries struggling to recover from the coronavirus pandemic. "We will spare no effort to ensure their affordable and equitable access for all people, consistent with members' commitments to incentivize innovation," the leaders said in a draft G20 communiqué seen by Reuters. "We recognise the role of extensive immunization as a global public good."

The twin crises of the pandemic and an uneven, uncertain global recovery dominated the first day of a two-day summit under the chairmanship of Saudi Arabia, which hands off the rotating presidency of the G20 to Italy next month. The COVID-19 pandemic, which has thrown the global economy into a deep recession this year, and efforts needed to underpin an economic rebound in 2021, were at the top of the agenda. "We must work to create the conditions for affordable and equitable access to these tools for all peoples," Saudi Arabia's King Salman bin Abdulaziz said in his opening remarks. G20 leaders are concerned that the pandemic might further deepen global divisions between the rich and the poor. "We need to avoid at all costs a scenario of a two-speed world where only the richer can protect themselves against the virus and restart normal lives," French President Emmanuel Macron told the summit.

To do that, the European Union urged G20 leaders quickly to put more money into a global project for vaccines, tests and therapeutics - called Access to COVID-19 Tools (ACT) Accelerator - and its COVAX facility to distribute vaccines. "At the G20 Summit I called for \$4.5 billion to be invested in ACT Accelerator by the end of 2020, for procurement & delivery of COVID-19 tests, treatments and vaccines everywhere," European Commission head Ursula von der Leyen said on

¹ J.White, L.Baerlein, C.O'Donnell. Moderna COVID-19 vaccine begins rollout as U.S. races to broaden injection campaign <https://www.theglobeandmail.com/world/article-moderna-covid-19-vaccine-begins-rollout-as-us-races-to-broaden/> December 19, 2020

Twitter. Germany is contributing more than 500 million euros to the effort, Chancellor Angela Merkel told the G20, urging other countries to do their part, according to a text of her remarks¹.

Russian President Vladimir Putin offered to provide Russia's Sputnik-V coronavirus vaccine to other countries and said Moscow was also preparing a second and third vaccine. China, where the pandemic originated a year ago, also offered to cooperate on vaccines. China has five home-grown candidates for a vaccine undergoing the last phase of trials.

A Democratic aide said in an email that an agreement had been reached late Saturday and that compromise language was being finalized to seal a deal to be unveiled on Sunday. The breakthrough involved a fight over Federal Reserve emergency powers that was defused by an odd couple: the Senate's top Democrat and a senior conservative Republican. "We're getting very close, very close," Minority Leader Chuck Schumer, D-N.Y., said earlier Saturday as he spent much of the day going back and forth with GOP Sen. Pat Toomey of Pennsylvania. Toomey had been pressing a provision to close down Fed lending facilities that Democrats and the White House said was too broadly worded and would have tied the hands of the incoming Biden administration.

The Covid-19 legislation has been held up after months of disfunction, posturing and bad faith, but talks turned serious in December as lawmakers on both sides finally faced the deadline of acting before exiting Washington for Christmas.

The bill, lawmakers and aides say, would establish a temporary \$300 per week supplemental jobless benefits and \$600 direct stimulus payments to most Americans, along with a fresh round of subsidies for hard-hit businesses and funding for schools, health care providers, and renters facing eviction. Schumer said he hoped both the House and Senate would vote on the measure Sunday. That would take more cooperation than the Senate can usually muster, but a government shutdown deadline loomed at midnight Sunday and all sides were eager to leave for Christmas. Democrats in Congress also said that Toomey was trying to limit the Fed's ability to boost the economy, just as Biden prepared to take office.

The massive package would wrap much of Capitol Hill's unfinished 2020 business into a take-it-or-leave-it measure that promised to be a foot thick or more. House lawmakers would probably have only a few hours to study it before voting as early as Sunday night. The \$900 billion package was being finished as the pandemic delivered its most fearsome surge yet, killing more than 3,000 victims per day and straining the health care system.

There is a strong lobby in Europe against the Russian vaccine. The Minister of Foreign Affairs of Hungary spoke about this in an interview with the Russia 24 TV channel. However, despite the pressure, Budapest expects to receive consignments of Sputnik-V in December, and in the future - to organize the production of the drug. Russia has already concluded treaties with India and Korea, negotiations are underway with other countries². The Gamaleya Center successfully developed and registered in 2015 two vector-based vaccines against Ebola fever using the adenovirus vector platform. Another Ebola fever vaccine was registered in 2020. The vaccines have been officially approved for use by the Russian Health Ministry. About 2,000 people in Guinea received injections of Ebola vaccine in 2017-18 as part of Phase 3 clinical trial³. Gamaleya Research Center received an international patent for Ebola vaccine. Gamaleya Research Center used adenoviral vectors to develop vaccines against influenza and against Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS). Both vaccines are currently in advanced stages of clinical trials.

The ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (also known as AZD1222), developed by Oxford University and AstraZeneca, is a chimpanzee adenovirus-vectored vaccine that targets the SARS-

¹ G20 leaders seek to help poorest nations in post-COVID world. <https://www.reuters.com/article/uk-g20-saudi/g20-leaders-seek-to-help-poorest-nations-in-post-covid-world-idUSKBN2810JD> November 21, 2020. Raya Jalabi, Ryan Woo, Andrea Shalal.

² <https://www.vesti.ru/article/2491496> "Спутник V" облетает планету. 28.11.2020

³ <https://sputnikvaccine.com/about-us/>

CoV-2 spike glycoprotein. Two reports detail the vaccine's safety and immunogenicity in various populations (including older adults) and provide an interim efficacy analysis of four pooled studies. In a blinded phase 2 study, researchers examined the safety and immunogenicity of a low dose (LD; 2.2×10^{10} virus particles) or standard dose (SD; $3.5\text{--}6.5 \times 10^{10}$ virus particles) of vaccine administered as either one or two doses (prime + boost 28 days later), with the meningococcal MenACWY vaccine as a control. A total of 560 participants were enrolled (160 aged 18–55, 160 aged 56–69, and 240 aged ≥ 70 ; 50% female, 95% white, and 98% nonsmokers)¹.

Fair access to vaccines is part of our origin story. One of Bill and Melinda's first big philanthropic acts was to help create Gavi, the organization that works with low-income countries to immunize hundreds of millions of kids. Part of today's \$250 million commitment will go towards funding a similar delivery operation for COVID-19 drugs and vaccines². All these activities are directed at the solution of the pandemic which has already infected more than 80 million of people equal to 1 percent of the population of the world.

Элмуродов Лутфулло, донишҷӯи курси 5-уми ихтисоси таъриху бостоншиносии факултаи таърихӣ ДОТӢ

ТАХТИ САНГИН ЁДГОРИИ БЕЗАВОЛИ ТОҶИКОН

Ёдгории Тахти Сангин дар қисмати ҷанубу шарқии ноҳияи Кубодиён, дар соҳили рости сарғаҳи Амударё, ки оби рӯдҳои Вахшу Панҷ, Кухандизи Афғонистон, Кофарниҳон ба ҳам омезиш меёбад ва рӯди Амударёро ташкил медиҳад, ҷойгир аст. Ёдгории мазкур аз тарафи ғарби кӯҳи Тешиктош (Рафез), аз шимол ва ҷануб бо иншооти дуқабатаи муҳофизаткунанда ихота шудааст. Маъбад пурра сангӣ буда на танҳо сохтӣ меморӣ, балки ҳама ҷузъиёти он то ба имрӯз хуб пойдор мондааст.³ Номии пешинаш шаҳраки Тахти Сангин маълум нест. Бо ин ном дар ягон сарчашмаҳои таърихӣ ёдовар нашудааст. Аммо дар ҳангоми кофтуковҳои бостоншиносӣ маълум гардид, ки тамоми девору роҳравҳо ва сутунҳои бузурги он аз санг бино шудааст, бинобар ин, олимони бостоншинос онро “Тахти Сангин” “Каменный городище” номиданд.⁴ Масоҳати умумии ин ёдгорӣ 85 гектарро ташкил медиҳад.

Дар солҳои 50 – уми асри – 20 бостоншиносон дар бораи ёдгории Тахти Сангин маълумотҳо ҷамъовари кардан. Бостоншиносии шуравӣ А.М. Манделштам солҳои дароз дар водии Кофарниҳон кофтуковҳои бостоншиносӣ мегузаронд. Аз рӯи маълумотҳои Хазианаи Амударё А.М. Манделштам соли 1952 дар шаҳраки Тахти Сангин хандақӣ омӯзишии

¹ <https://www.jwatch.org/na52864/2020/12/15/oxford-astrazeneca-covid-19-vaccine-encouraging-interim>. December 15, 2020

² <https://ww2.gatesfoundation.org/ideas/articles/coronavirus-funding-additional-250-million-suzman>

³ Нъматов Н., Носирова Ф., Бобомуллоев С., Довутов Д., Исмаилов М. Таърихи халқи тоҷик Душанбе “Сарпараст” соли 2003 саҳ. 128

⁴ И.Р. П и ч и к я н. Открытие культового комплекса на Каменном городище в 1978 года. АРТ, выпуск XVIII. Душанбе: “Дониш” с. 1978 саҳ. 102-116

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