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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	TABLE OF CONTENTS	
1	КОНДЕНСАЦИЯ АМИДОВ С АЛЬДЕГИДАМИ И ПОЛУЧЕНИЕ ИНГИБИТОРОВ АНОМАЛЬНЫХ ЯВЛЕНИЙ ПРИ ДОБЫЧИ НЕФТИ И ГАЗА <i>Абдувахоб Икрамов, Эшмуратова Рўза Рейимбердиевна, Каримов Мустафо Аминбаевич</i>	5
2	A.NAVOIYNING "SADDI ISKANDARIY" DOSTONI <i>Sultanova Nafisa Xoshimovna</i>	16
3	SPORT TIBBIYOTINING PAYDO BO`LISHI TARIXI VA UNING RIVOJLANISHI <i>Shukurov Doston Rovshan o'g'li</i>	22
4	IMPROVEMENT OF THE LOGISTICS SYSTEM OF A PRODUCTION ENTERPRISE <i>Aminova N.B.</i>	27
5	DIGITALIZATION - MERITS AND DEMERITS ON THE WHOLE SOCIETY <i>Niyozova I.N., Narziyeva N.</i>	34
6	DUAL EDUCATION AS A FACTOR OF INCREASING THE EFFICIENCY OF PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION <i>Rakhmatova U.D.</i>	38
7	PSYCHOPHYSIOLOGICAL MANIFESTATION OF PEDAGOGICAL RISKS <i>Sayidov S.I.</i>	46
8	ESTRADA IJROCHILIGIDA O`ZBEK KOMPOZITORLARI ASARLARINING O`RNI <i>Abdusattorova S. A. To`xtaxo`jyev Islomxo`ja</i>	51
9	ZAMONAVIY AXBOROT TIZIMLARINI JORIY QILISH ORQALI DAVLAT SOLIQ XIZMATI <i>G'ayratov Shohbozxon Shavkat o'g'li</i>	58
10	MAKROIQTISODIY BARQARORLIKNI MUSTAHKAMLASHDA SOLIQ MA`MURIYATCHILIGINI SAMARALI TASHKIL ETISH YO`LLARI <i>Haydarov Sohixon Horun o`g`li, Maxmudov Xudoyorxon Jamol o`g`li</i>	66
11	TADBIRKORLIK FAOLIYATINI SOLIQLAR VOSITASIDA RAG`BATLANTIRISH MEKANIZMINI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH YO`NALISHLARI <i>Rahmonqulova Gulshanoy Shuhrat qizi</i>	71
12	O`ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASINING SOLIQ SIYOSATINING HOLATI VA RIVOJLANISH TENDENTSIYALARI <i>Raxmonqulov Temirbek Eshmamatovich</i>	81
13	ЯККА ТАРТИБДАГИ ТАДБИРКОРЛИКНИ СОЛИҚҚА ТОРТИШНИНГ ЎЗИГА ХОС ХУСУСИЯТЛАРИНИ ВА УНИ РИВОЖЛАНТИРИШ ИСТИҚБОЛЛАРИНИ	89

**DIGITALIZATION - MERITS AND DEMERITS ON THE WHOLE
SOCIETY**

Niyozova I.N.¹, Narziyeva N.²

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Abstract. *This thesis analyzes the main as well as unbridled effects of turning into digital life. Also, the impacts of this process around the world had been discussed.*

Key words: *digital enablement, unbridled effects, repercussions, cost savings, world unity, e-world, social disconnect, job insecurity.*

Altering our way of life from a paper-based method into a smart, cozy numbers is now being widely preferred and accepted throughout the globe. However, as nothing is perfect at all, digital enablement also comes with its drawbacks.

Digitization is the process of changing from written form to digital form. On the other hand, digitization takes an analog information and changes it to a digital form without any different-in-kind changes to the information itself. It makes a way for us to keep our information in safe, non-space-taking environment which we all need in time. Additionally, we can all now keep in touch with anybody, and that what makes the e-world. This brings more customers, benefits and cost optimization of sources and cost savings. Continuously, new ground of competition, abandoning boring workplaces and creating an excellent time flexibility are promoted. These will boost up efficiency of the staff and bring more sufficient employees. Also high level of creative and cautious opinions is emerged as figures for criticism and commentaries

are arising through the e-local community

More than two-thirds (67.1 percent) of the world's population now uses a mobile phone, with unique users reaching 5.31 billion by the start of 2022. The global total has grown by 1.8 percent over the past year, with 95 million new mobile users since last year. Global internet users have climbed to 4.95 billion at the start of 2022, with internet penetration now standing at 62.5 percent of the world's total population. Data shows that internet users have grown by 192 million (+4.0 percent) over the past year.

Like now for side effects, the major standout problem that comes out of digitalization would be a sense of disconnect and isolation. There is an increasing tendency for people to socialize and communicate via digital devices rather than through real-life contact. This can easily lead to social disconnect. Notably, studies have suggested that real-life contact shortage is causing depression and other forms of mental illness in many people, especially in teenagers. Youngsters are now growing fast by broadening their minds through learning from all over the e-world data provision provision. However, they are building a fence around themselves to isolate from their peers and human-beings. Widespread job insecurity is expected to happen now or then as most jobs are being taken by the computer workforces. Digital media is remarkably easy to copy and reproduce. This means the original creator of a piece of media is forgotten, due to it is adapted and claimed by others or it is confusing to find out the creator.

For years' automation has been widely discussed in relation to its impact on job loss because of its very nature: technology replaces human input. Early skyrocketing estimates of 'robots stealing our jobs' have been corrected downwards, notably because of increasing recognition that the potential for fully automating jobs is more limited than that for automating individual tasks within jobs. Accordingly, although automation is likely to alter task profiles within jobs, its impact on job loss will be less severe than initially forecast. In mid-2021, estimates of job loss likely to be caused by automation ranged from 10% to 15%.

Apart from aforesaid reasons, we shouldn't also neglect one fact that it is hard to adapt automation for citizens whom used to work in analog form. About 23.1 percentage of global population is 40-59 years old and it is nearly the quarter of whole number of people. This issue will get to perplexity among employers due to the fact that the business nowadays requires fresh, creative ideas and computer science. But those elderly people have a huge experience and that's what makes them prosperous workers.

We should also mention the danger in loss of some media subjects like radio or there is estimated disillusionment towards TV set because it is possible to watch or catch them with our phone and social sites. But by disagreeing to that fact, I believe that radio is more useful and also helpful than internet in some jeopardized occasions like earthquakes, electricity loss.

Overall, digitalization enables us to put our immense work into a small fold that will be in secure database, however there is a huge estimation of losing the owner and social connect because of its inevitable repercussions.

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